Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06) **Auditing Procedures Report**Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended and P.A. 71 of 1919, as amended.

Loca	I Unit	of Gov	vernment Type			Local Unit Name			County
	Count	ty	⊠City □Tw	□Village	Other	City of Porta	ige		Kalamazoo
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We a	ffirm	that:							
We a	re ce	ertifie	d public accounta	nts licensed to pr	actice in M	lichigan.			
We f	urthe	r affii	m the following m	aterial, "no" resp	onses have	e been disclose	ed in the financial statem	nents, includ	ing the notes, or in the
Mana			etter (report of co	mments and rec	ommendati	ons).	50.5 5		
	YES	8	Check each app	licable box belo	w. (See in	structions for fu	urther detail.)		
1. All required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements as necessary.									
2.	\times		There are no acc (P.A. 275 of 198	umulated deficits 0) or the local un	in one or r	more of this un	it's unreserved fund bala adget for expenditures.	ances/unres	tricted net assets
3.	×						counts issued by the De	partment of	Treasury.
4.	×		The local unit has	s adopted a budg	et for all re	quired funds.			30. Millione (Million) (Million) (Million)
5.	X		A public hearing	on the budget wa	as held in a	ccordance with	State statute.		
6.	×			s not violated the	Municipal	Finance Act, a	n order issued under the	Emergency	/ Municipal Loan Act, or
7.	X			57.0			venues that were collecte	ed for anoth	er taxing unit.
8.	X						with statutory requireme		J
9.	\boxtimes		The local unit has	s no illegal or una	authorized e	expenditures th	nat came to our attention d (see Appendix H of Bu	as defined	in the Bulletin for
10.	X							0-000 - P. 00-000	ring the course of our audit
		2572	that have not bee	n previously con	nmunicated	to the Local A	udit and Finance Divisionder separate cover.	on (LAFD). If	there is such activity that has
11.	X		The local unit is f	ree of repeated o	omments f	rom previous y	ears.		
12.	X		The audit opinion	is UNQUALIFIE	D.				
13.	X		The local unit has accepted account	s complied with G ting principles (G	SASB 34 or SAAP).	GASB 34 as n	nodified by MCGAA State	tement #7 a	nd other generally
14.	X		The board or cou	ncil approves all	invoices pr	ior to payment	as required by charter of	or statute.	
15.	X		To our knowledge	e, bank reconcilia	ations that v	vere reviewed	were performed timely.		
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COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of the City of Portage, Michigan

For Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2006













City of Portage, Michigan Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Prepared by:

Finance Department

CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

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November 8, 2006

To the Honorable Mayor, members of the City Council, and the Citizens of the City of Portage:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Portage for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 has been completed. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the city's management. To the best of our knowledge and belief the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and component units of the city. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the financial activities of the city have been included.

The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the city organizational chart and a list of principal officials. The financial section includes the management's discussion and analysis, the financial statements and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, as well as the auditors' report on the financial statements and schedules. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. The statistical section has been expanded in this year's CAFR as required by Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 44 "Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section."

This report includes all funds and account groups of the city. The city provides a full range of municipal services. These services include police and fire protection; water and wastewater services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; recreation activities and cultural events. In addition to the general activities of the city, the Building Authority, the Downtown Development Authority, and the Local Finance Development Authority are blended into the reporting entity. This report also presents the Economic Development Corporation as a discrete component unit.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to compliment the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Portage's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

LOCATION AND CHARACTER

The City of Portage, which is situated in the southwest part of the State of Michigan and located halfway between Chicago and Detroit, covers an area of 35.2125 square miles. Almost 31 percent of the area within the city is used for residential purposes, with most of this developed property devoted to single family dwellings.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City of Portage is the unit of government in Kalamazoo County with the largest Assessed Value (regular tax roll). The state equalized value of real and personal property including tax abatements has increased from \$348,055,600 in 1980, to \$799,757,900 in 1990, to \$2,150,123,100 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The taxable value for the year beginning July 1, 2006 increased approximately 4.2 percent over the prior year. The City of Portage unemployment rate for September 2006 was 4.0 percent, while the September unemployment rate for Kalamazoo County as a whole was 5.3 percent.

Portage has a well-balanced and diversified economy. Residential use accounts for 55 percent of the property value, industrial 20 percent and commercial 25 percent. Employment is also well balanced which is characterized by a high degree of manufacturing (21.3 percent of total employment), wholesale and retail trade (16.7 percent), and service activity (40.1 percent). Based on the 2002 census, the number of employed Portage residents was 23,566; yet 35,192 jobs existed within Portage, making Portage a net importer of jobs for residents from Kalamazoo County and beyond. By the year 2025, the number of jobs offered in the City of Portage is expected to increase to 37,928 (2002 Portage Comprehensive Plan).

The Pfizer Corporation, the city's largest taxpayer, has manufacturing, packaging and office facilities located in the City of Portage. Construction activities for the Pfizer complex in Portage continue with additions, modification and new buildings over the past year totaling an investment of \$60 million. It is anticipated that another \$100 million will be spent on improvements to the main manufacturing and packaging plant in 2007.

Stryker Corporation constructed a 433,000 square-foot medical-products manufacturing facility in the City of Portage that was completed in 2005. This facility, at the corner of Sprinkle Road and East Centre Avenue, is the primary Stryker Medical Division manufacturing facility. This manufacturing facility resulted in the retention of 80 existing jobs at the company and the addition of approximately 65 new jobs according to Stryker Corporation representatives. The Stryker Medical division focuses on the production of hospital and emergency service beds and stretchers. Additional manufacturing, warehousing and administrative facilities are located throughout Portage making Stryker the city's second largest taxpayer.

In October 2004, the City of Portage Planning Commission approved the site plan for an estimated \$30 million dollar expansion at the Stryker Instruments facility located at 4100 East Milham Avenue. The new approximate 200,000 square foot manufacturing facility at the southeast corner of East Milham Avenue and South Sprinkle Road will build upon the success of the surgical instruments division. The Stryker Instruments division is the company's primary location for the production of replacement hips and joints, along with orthopedic surgical instruments such as medical drills, saws and micro-powered tools. These facilities located in Portage are part of a total facilities expansion and renovation project with a total estimated investment of \$62 million and an estimated total of 225 new jobs and 1,600 jobs retained according to communication from Stryker.

The continued diversification and growth of the local economy and tax base is viewed as essential to the community. In an effort to ensure a healthy economy, the City of Portage announced and implemented four major initiatives during the past ten years. These four initiatives are listed below:

 1. 1996 Industrial Development Initiative: an investment of nearly \$2 million in public infrastructure improvements to open up more than 100 acres of land for full-service industrial sites within industrial park settings. Several industrial facilities including Federal Express, Summit Polymers, Business Cards Plus, Avtech Laboratories, Idea, Inc., Kalamazoo Machine Tool, Quality Air Service, among others have constructed new facilities as a direct result of this city initiative. Private investment totals \$34.3 million to date.

- 2. 1998 Community Investment Initiative: the combined investment of almost \$7 million from local, state and federal sources in important infrastructure projects within the first city Downtown Development Authority (DDA) district, development of the 50 acre Milham Business/Technology Park and the reconstruction of Shaver Road as a boulevard. Businesses including Gander Mountain, Meijer, Inc., Bennigan's Restaurant, Lowe's Home Improvement Center and Hooters Restaurant have also constructed new facilities as a result of the Community Investment Initiative. Businesses have invested approximately \$87.4 million to date.
- 3. 1999 Commerce Square Enhancement Initiative: focused on enhancements to the South Westnedge Avenue commercial corridor including roadway improvements to South Westnedge Avenue, Mall Drive and Romence Road/Romence Road Parkway. These major roadway improvement projects will ensure the continued success of the central business area by providing safe and convenient access for patrons and employees. The Commerce Square Enhancement Initiative stimulated redevelopment of the northwest corner of South Westnedge Avenue and West Milham Avenue. Several aging and vacant buildings previously occupied this area, one of the busiest intersections in Kalamazoo County. These aging and vacant buildings have been razed and replaced with new facilities for Bed Bath and Beyond, Panera Bread, Babies'R'Us, and Consumers Credit Union. The Commerce Square Enhancement Initiative also included a major project to improve water quality associated with local wetlands and Consolidated Drain No. 1 and, at the same time, reclaim land for development that was previously used for storm water retention. The total level of public investment amounted to more than \$9 million. The Shoppes at Romence Village is a 150,000 square foot retail center anchored by D&W Food Center and Stein Mart, with additional retailers Great Clips, Tuesday Morning, Renaissance Home & Garden, Mirage Tanning Salon and restaurants Los Amigos, Z-Café, and Jets Pizza completed in subsequent phases of this development project. To date, approximately \$65.5 million in private investment has occurred.
- 4. The South Westnedge Avenue Enhancement Project: a major corridor improvement program from Milham Avenue to Kilgore Road. The project was initiated in 2004/2005 to coordinate with and facilitate the improvement of the I-94/South Westnedge Avenue interchange and associated widening of South Westnedge Avenue from Dawnlee Avenue to Trade Center Way by the Michigan Department of Transportation. The project includes street widening, new street construction and property acquisition.

South Westnedge Avenue is the most important north-south major street in Kalamazoo County and provides access to the major shopping areas in the city. Considerable new development and redevelopment is occurring on the South Westnedge Avenue corridor especially between Kilgore Road and Milham Avenue. The planned MDOT improvement to the I-94/South Westnedge Avenue interchange and related freeway improvements will necessitate associated widening from Kilgore Road to Milham Avenue.

The success of these economic development initiatives is significant. Seventy-three businesses and industries have either expanded existing facilities in Portage, have been retained within Portage or have established new facilities within the community. In total to date, the level of investment is approaching \$187.2 million in estimated market value, with an estimated 3,218 added jobs. Although the City of Portage allocated significant local resources to ensure the success of these important economic development initiatives, the return on investment is significant.

The initial economic impacts associated with the private sector projects are very good news for the community in terms of diversifying the tax base and adding job opportunities for area residents. It is also important to underscore that these initiatives were accomplished without a tax increase and with a combination of local tax resources, private sector participation as well as state and federal funds.

The continued expansion of existing industrial facilities within the Sprinkle Road Industrial Corridor has also been significant. Major building renovations and/or additions are currently underway or have been announced by the Stryker Corporation, among others. The continued investment in the improvement of existing industrial facilities further indicates a healthy and growing economy.

Portage is also a major retail center for Southwest Michigan. The Crossroads Mall, a regional shopping center of more than 800,000 square feet, has approximately 100 tenants including Macy's, J.C. Penney & Company, and Sears Roebuck & Company. Southland Mall is another major retail mall in the city. The nearly 300,000 square foot retail center includes Old Navy Apparel, Circuit City, Kohl's Department Store, Barnes & Noble Book Store, J.C. Penney Home Store and T.J. Maxx, among other stores. Several additional major retailers are located within Portage including: Meijer, Inc., Home Depot, Lowe's, Target, Best Buy, K-Mart Corporation, and Menards Home Improvement Center. Two other retail shopping centers, the Portage Crossings and the Carillon Center, have a combined building area of 308,000 square feet. Additionally, Sam's Club wholesale club constructed a new, larger (135,000 square foot) facility on South Westnedge Avenue at Romence Road that was opened in early 2006. The estimated employment of Portage retail trade establishments in 2002 was 9,500. The total retail area in the main South Westnedge commercial corridor is approximately 4 million square feet with a 98 percent occupancy rate as of November 2005.

Other projects which have had a positive impact on the local economy include the extension of the Romence Parkway to Portage Road in 2000, the creation of a Brownfield Redevelopment Authority in 2001 and several quality of life enhancements. The extension of Romence Parkway to Portage Road had a major impact on traffic flow in the community by providing an essential east-west link in the major thoroughfare system with improved access to the commercial corridor and to industrial centers in the community. East Milham Avenue from Oakland Drive to Lovers Lane, and Centre Avenue from Portage Road to Sprinkle Road have been widened. These improvements afford numerous economic development benefits, and provide improved roadway access and city utilities to Pfizer, Inc.

The creation of a Brownfield Redevelopment Authority in 2001 has provided an important economic incentive for the environmental clean-up and redevelopment of the former Portage Steel site located on West Centre Avenue. Redevelopment of this property, which was abandoned for several years, with an approximate \$10 million retail and office complex is a significant benefit to the city and to the other taxing jurisdictions. This ongoing redevelopment project provides an expanded tax base and additional job opportunities (estimated to be 200-250) for area residents and is a significant economic development initiative within the area.

Quality of life for Portage residents is a major focus. Several major enhancement projects have recently implemented to promote recreation and healthy lifestyles for citizens. The Northwest Portage Bikeway is a two-mile non-motorized trail that serves the most heavily populated quadrant of the community and connects to school, park and commercial facilities. The recently completed Liberty Park in the Portage City Centre was the result of an environmental and economic development initiative. This urban park features stunning floral displays, a boardwalk along Portage Creek and a waterfall in addition to cleaning polluted storm water runoff from the area. Through a federal grant, new development at South Westnedge Park includes an in-line

hockey rink, soccer field and 10,000 square foot concrete skate park. The skate park has drawn state-wide acclaim for the unique features offered and is very popular for area youth and young adults. Veterans Memorial Park with a landscaped flag display is a tribute to those who have served and currently serve in the United States Military. This joint project with local veteran organizations is a focal point for the region. The Millennium Park Ice Rink continues to be a major community recreational destination site. This outdoor refrigerated surface was the first in southwest Michigan. With a free-form design, thousands of area residents skate "under the stars" during the winter season.

There are several area and regional commercial bank branches and thrift institutions within the city, which serve the banking needs of the community and its residents. These include: Comerica, J. P Morgan Chase, National City, Fifth Third Bank, Flagstar Bank, LaSalle Bank, Huntington Bank, Portage Commerce Bank (headquartered in Portage), Keystone Community Bank, Chemical Bank – Shoreline, Wells Fargo and Republic Bank.

Transportation needs are served by United, American, Comair, Delta and Northwest airlines through the Kalamazoo-Battle Creek International Airport; several bus services; and railroads. Two major highways, Interstate 94 and U.S. 131 intersect within the City of Portage, providing a major "crossroads" which continues to promote growth and development. The Michigan Department of Transportation has initiated the design stage to widen I-94 through the City of Portage. Completion of this important highway improvement project is expected by 2015-17. The City of Portage is 152 miles from Detroit on I-94, 148 miles from Chicago on I-94, and 245 miles from Indianapolis via I-94 and I-69, and so has access to 65 percent of the market population of the U.S. within 500 miles.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For the Year.

The 2005/2006 budget emphasized the areas of Transportation and Quality of the Environment.

- Transportation Lovers Lane Boulevard, Kilgore Road to East Milham Avenue: Widen the existing two-lane roadway to a four-lane boulevard section from Kilgore to East Milham Avenue to include concrete curbs and gutters, storm drainage, new asphalt pavement, underground utilities, raised medians and landscaping. The South Westnedge Enhancement Project is a major corridor improvement program from Milham Avenue to Kilgore Road in anticipation of the I-94 widening by the Michigan Department of Transportation The project includes street widening, new street construction and property acquisition. Shaver Road/West Centre Avenue intersection will be improved by widening eastbound Centre Avenue and southbound Shaver Road by adding separate right turn lanes to accommodate right turn movements. Pavement widening and new curbs and gutters will be installed. This project includes property acquisition, traffic signal modifications, storm sewer adjustments and pavement markings. Engineering and design are completed with construction planned for the spring of 2007.
- Quality of the Environment Sewer main replaced of approximately 2,000 feet on Lovers Lane from East Milham Avenue to 300 feet north of Kingsbury Drive and sewer main additions for Lansing Avenue from Gertrude Drive to Linneman Avenue and for Gertrude Avenue from Ramona Avenue to south of Lansing Avenue. Continued the programs for maintenance of the existing stormwater retention basins and to disconnect or improve direct stormwater discharges to the Portage Creek, Davis Creek, and Gourdneck Creek watershed.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The City Administration is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the city are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, though not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

<u>Budgeting Controls</u>. The city maintains budgetary controls through its financial management information system. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the governing body of the city. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Debt Service Funds are included in the annually appropriated budget. Project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Improvement Funds. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established by activity or project within the individual funds. The city also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the city continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Please see the section titled Management's Discussion and Analysis which follows the auditor's opinion for additional information relating to fiscal year 2005/2006.

Tax collections were 98.5 percent of the tax levy. The County of Kalamazoo has established a Delinquent Tax Revolving Fund and pays the city for all real property taxes returned as delinquent to the County Treasurer as of March 1 of each year.

<u>General Fund Balance</u>. The total fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$337,816 in 2005/2006. In 1985 City Council established an intent that the General Fund fund balance be at least 13 percent of General Fund expenditures including transfers. The total General Fund fund balance at June 30, 2006 was \$4,413,936 or 20 percent of actual 2005/2006 expenditures including transfers.

The city's general obligation bonding is rated at AA by Standard & Poor's. This solid rating has the effect of reducing borrowing costs, and is another indicator of the financial viability of the city and community.

<u>Enterprise Operations</u>. The city enterprise operations are comprised of the Water and Sewer Funds. At June 30, 2006, the Sewer and Water Funds had net asset value balances of \$47,280,524 and \$16,970,186 respectively. Utility financial soundness is exemplified by a cash balance of \$2,554,726 at June 30, 2006. Annual rate reviews ensure continued financial soundness of the utility system.

<u>Cash Management.</u> Cash on hand is invested in obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, certificates of deposit from banks and pooled cash and investment money market funds as permitted by State law and city policy. The investment policy was revised by City Council in January 2005 requiring benchmark caparisons for all investments and limiting the term of allowable investments. The average yield on

investments for the year ended June 30, 2006, excluding the Pension Trust Fund, was 3.68 percent (compared to an average of 2.39 percent for the 2004/2005 fiscal year). Interest rates ranged between a monthly high of 4.13 percent in May 2006 to a low of 2.941 percent in July 2005.

<u>Risk Management</u>. As of June 30, 2006, the city participates in a public entity risk pool, the Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority pool, for insurance coverage for liability, auto, crime and property damage risks.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit. State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of BDO Seidman was selected by the city. The auditors' report on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report.

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the city for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. This was the twentieth consecutive year that the city has received this award. The Certificate of Achievement recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City of Portage published an easily readable and organized comprehensive annual financial report that conforms to program standards. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. It is believed that the current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and will be submitted to the GFOA to determine eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the city also received the GFOA Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for the annual budget for the fiscal year 2006/2007. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the city budget document was judged to be proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide and a communication device. This was the twentieth consecutive year the City of Portage received this award.

<u>Acknowledgments.</u> This comprehensive annual financial report indicates the excellent financial condition of the City of Portage at June 30, 2006. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated services of the Finance Department staff. Credit also goes to the Portage City Council for interest and support in planning and conducting the operations of the government in a responsible and progressive manner.

Sincerely,

Maurice S. Evans City Manager Daniel S. Foecking Finance Director The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to City of Portage for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. This was the twentieth consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Portage, Michigan

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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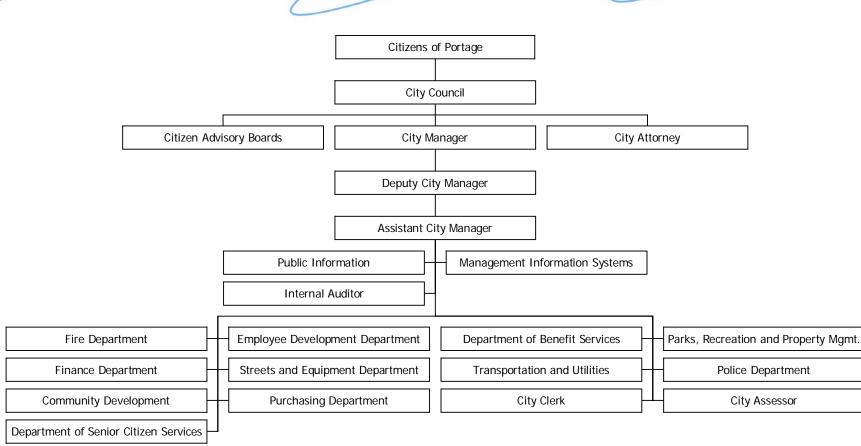
Carla E ferge
President

Executive Director

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.



City of Portage Organizational Chart



CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN List of Elected and Appointed Officials June 30, 2006

Elected Officials

MayorPeter J. StrazdasMayor Pro TemporeTed W. Vliek, Sr.Council MemberLarry DeShazorCouncil MemberMargaret E. O'BrienCouncil MemberClaudette ReidCouncil MemberEd SackleyCouncil MemberTerry R. Urban

Appointed Officials

City Manager Maurice S. Evans
Deputy City Manager Brian B. Bowling
Assistant City Manager Sean P. McBride
Assistant City Manager for Information Technology
City Attorney Randall Brown

City Attorney City Clerk Assessor

Benefit Services Director

Community Development Director Employee Development Director

Finance Director Fire Chief

Parks and Recreation Director

Police Chief

Purchasing Director

Senior Citizen Services Director Streets and Equipment Director Transportation and Utilities Director Brian B. Bowling Sean P. McBride Devin C. Mackinder Randall Brown James R. Hudson James C. Bush Patricia Thompson Jeffery Erickson John R. Boulis Daniel S. Foecking Randolph B. Lawton William M. Deming Richard J. White **Robert Luders** Josephine Arnold Jack G. Hartman G. Dallas Williams



211 East Water Street, Suite 300 Kalamazoo, Michigan 49007 Telephone: (269) 382-0170 Fax: (269) 345-1666

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and
Members of the City Council and City Manager
City of Portage
Portage, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Portage (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the accompanying table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the City. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows of its proprietary fund types thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Major Streets Fund, and Local Streets Fund for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2006, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit preformed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit

BDO

BDO Seidman, LLP Accountants and Consultants

Management's Discussion and Analysis on Pages 5 through 15 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City. Such information, except for the introductory section and portion marked "unaudited" on which we express no opinion, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

300 Seidman, LLD

Certified Public Accountants

November 8, 2006



211 East Water Street, Suite 300 Kalamazoo, Michigan 49007 Telephone: (269) 382-0170 Fax: (269) 345-1666

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Governmental Auditing Standards

Honorable Mayor and
Members of the City Council and City Manager
City of Portage
Portage, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Portage (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the basic financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of basic financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City in a conference memorandum dated November 8, 2006.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BDO Seidman, LLA

Certified Public Accountants

November 8, 2006

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2006

This section of the City of Portage's (the City) Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports presents a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that has been furnished in the letter of transmittal, and the City's financial statements that follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$107,986,281 dollars (net assets). Of this amount, \$21,483,613 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens. Unrestricted fund balances for the City as a whole total \$21,483,613 or 42.4% of primary government expenses, including transfers, of \$50,630,735.

At the close of the current fiscal year, the unrestricted fund balance for the general fund was \$3.3 million or 15% of total general fund expenditures, including transfers, of \$22,139,011, while undifferentiated fund balance is 20% of total expenditures.

The City's total long-term obligations increased by \$5,590,683 after scheduled payments, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Debt, compensated absences, and retiree health and pension liabilities for governmental activities increased by \$5,405,896 and by \$184,787 for business-type activities. Business-type debt is self-supporting and does not rely on tax revenues for repayment.

The upshot of the foregoing is that the City has been able to sustain a savings plan, evidenced by increases in unrestricted fund balance, to provide funding for future years infrastructure needs and as a hedge against continued declines in state and federal revenues. The increase in long-term obligations reflects debt issued to maintain quality City infrastructure, and the recognition of comprehensive benefit commitments for which funding is being set aside.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which consist of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- · Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the financial statements.

a. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner comparable to a private-sector business. The two government-wide financial statements are, as follows:

- The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes of net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues pertaining to uncollected taxes and expenses pertaining to future general obligation debt payments. The statement includes the annual depreciation for infrastructure and governmental assets.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include

general government, public safety, streets and highways, and parks and facility management. The business-type activities of the City include the water and sewer utilities.

b. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are designed to report information about groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into the following three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. Within the governmental and proprietary categories, the emphasis is on the major funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to available resources and on the available balances left at the year-end. This information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the City's programs. Other funds are referred to as nonmajor funds and are presented as summary data.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented in the government-wide statements. In addition to the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance, separate statements are provided that reconcile between the government-wide and fund level statements.

The City's general fund is considered a major fund, and information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. In addition to the other major governmental funds (special assessment, capital improvement, major and local streets, revolving loan, and Local Development Finance Authority) the City maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type: special revenue funds, debt service funds, and permanent funds. Data from these governmental funds are combined into a single column labeled nonmajor governmental funds. Individual fund data for the funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the supplementary section of this report.

Proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customers -- either outside customers or internal units or departments of the City. Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains the following two types of proprietary funds:

- Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities
 in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for
 the operations of the water and sewer utilities, each of which are major funds.
- Internal service funds are used to report activities that provide services for many City
 programs and activities. The City uses internal service funds to account for equipment and
 certain insurances. Because these services benefit governmental operations more than
 business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the
 government-wide financial statements.

Individual fund data for the funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the supplementary section of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Since the resources of fiduciary funds are not available to support the City's own programs, they are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Comparison of Government-wide and Fund Financial Components. The following chart compares how the City's funds are included in the government-wide and fund financial statements:

Fund Types	Government-	Fund Financials
	wide	
General fund	Governmental	Governmental
Special assessment funds	Governmental	Governmental
Capital projects funds	Governmental	Governmental
Special revenue funds	Governmental	Governmental - nonmajor
Debt service funds	Governmental	Governmental - nonmajor
Permanent funds	Governmental	Governmental - nonmajor
Internal service funds	Governmental	Proprietary
Assets previously reported with	Governmental	Excluded
General fixed assets		
Infrastructure assets	Governmental	Excluded
Liabilities previously reported with	Governmental	Excluded
general long-term debt		
Water fund	Business-type	Proprietary
Sewer fund	Business-type	Proprietary
Fiduciary funds	Excluded	Fiduciary

Basis of reporting. The government-wide statements and fund-level proprietary statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and on the full accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

c. Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Statements

a. Net Assets

The combined net assets of the City were as follows:

Net Assets (in thousands)

	Governr Activi		Busine: Activ	<i>,</i> .	To		
	<u>2006</u> <u>2005</u>		2006	2005	2006	2005	
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$ 23,480	\$ 21,328	\$ 3,237	\$ 3,150	\$ 26,717	\$ 24,478	
Capital assets	101,293	104,077	92,264	92,771	193,557	196,848	
Total assets	124,773	125,405	95,501	95,921	220,274	221,326	
Liabilities							
Long-term debt outstanding	73,556	68,052	29,347	29,159	102,903	97,211	
Other liabilities	7,481	7,521	1,903	742	9,384	8,263	
Total liabilities	81,037	75,573	31,250	29,901	112,287	105,474	
Net assets							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	15,355	24,041	62,699	63,612	78,054	87,653	
Restricted	8,249	7,839	200	200	8,449	8,039	
Unrestricted	20,132	17,952	1,352	2,208	21,484	20,160	
Total net assets	\$43,736	\$49,832	\$64,251	\$66,020	\$107,987	\$115,852	

As noted earlier, net assets may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$108 million at the close of the fiscal year, a decline of 7% over the prior year. This is attributable to the ongoing commitment to investing in capital improvements across the City. These investments decrease cash or increase debt and depreciate in value over time, any one of which will cause a decrease in net assets.

The largest portion of the City's net assets is restricted as to use, or is invested in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, and equipment -72.3%), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens: consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated for these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net assets, \$8.4 million (7.8%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$21.48 million (19.9%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The Government Finance Officers Association recommends that, at a minimum, a government, regardless of size, maintain an unreserved fund balance no less than 5 to 15 percent of regular general fund operating revenue, or no less than one to two months of regular fund expenditures. An adequate level of unreserved fund balance is necessary to mitigate current and future risks, and to ensure stable tax rates and service levels. The Portage City Council has indicated that it wished to see a 13% fund balance maintained as a guideline based on expenditures. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in net assets for the government as a whole, as well as for business-type activities. It is also able to report an adequate level of fund balance at year-end. From year to year, the City may report a fund balance in excess of 13% as the result of planned savings for expenditures in the near future.

b. Changes in Net Assets

Total net assets of the City decreased by \$7.9 million in the current year. Governmental net assets decreased \$6.1 million, which is attributable primarily to the interaction of depreciation expense, offset by an increase in new fixed assets, coupled with an increase in debt issues reducing the value of capital assets net of debt. The business-type net assets decreased by \$1.8 million for the same reasons. For both Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities, increases in operating costs over fiscal 2005 are primarily the result of wage and benefit cost increases for both union and non-union employees.

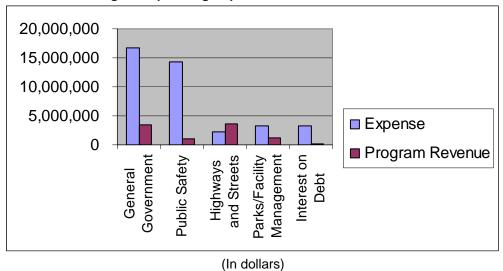
Changes in Net Assets (in thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government			
Revenues	2	006	2005	<u>2006</u>		2005			2006	2005	
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	2,440 \$	2,475	\$	8,748	\$	7,972	\$	11,188	\$ 10,447	7
Capital grants		2,355	2,311		2		-		2,357	2,311	1
Operating grants		4,826	4,992		97		98		4,923	5,090)
General revenues:											
Property taxes		17,936	17,928		-		-		17,936	17,928	3
Interest revenue		593	296		-		-		593	296	3
Gain/(loss)		9	26		-		-		9	26	3
Other general revenues		5,758	6,207		-		-		5,758	6,207	7
Total revenues		33,917	34,235		8,847		8,070		42,764	42,305	5
Program expenses											
Legislative		54	48		-		-		54	48	3
Judicial		17	12		-		-		17	12	2
General government		5,496	6,014		-		-		5,496	6,014	1
Public safety		14,367	14,352		-		-		14,367	14,352	2
Public works		419	357		-		-		419	357	7
Health and welfare		1,560	1,714		-		-		1,560	1,714	1
Economic development		1,952	2,535		-		-		1,952	2,535	5
Recreation and cultural		3,238	3,125		-		-		3,238	3,125	5
Public transportation		151	118		-		-		151	118	3
Highways and streets		2,363	5,483		-		-		2,363	5,483	3
Unallocated depreciation		7,107	7,023		-		-		7,107	7,023	3
Interest on long-term debt		3,252	2,739		-		-		3,252	2,739	9
Sewer		-	-		5,723		5,472		5,723	5,472	2
Water		-	-		4,930		4,969		4,930	4,969	9
Total expenses		39,976	43,520		10,653		10,441		50,629	53,961	1
Excess (deficiency)											
Before transfers		(6,059)	(9,285)		(1,806)		(2,371)		(7,865)	(11,656))
Transfers		(37)	(100)	_	37		100				-
Increase (decrease)								-			_
in net assets	\$	(6,096) \$	(9,385)	\$	(1,769)	\$	(2,271)	\$	(7,865)	\$ (11,656))

c. Program Revenues and Expenses - Governmental Activities

The chart below illustrates the City's governmental expense and activity revenues by function: general government, public safety, highways and streets, parks and facility management, and interest on debt. This chart illustrates the degree to which the primary activities of the City are funded through fees, charges, restricted revenue sharing programs, restricted grant funding, and other revenue initiatives. It is clear that very few City services would be possible without tax revenue. Highway and street services appear closest to self-supporting although the revenue in this sector is provided by state of Michigan Act 51 funding derived from fuel taxes. A decline in that revenue has been experienced in recent years, which is of concern over the long term.

Government-wide Program Operating Expenses and Revenues - Governmental Activities



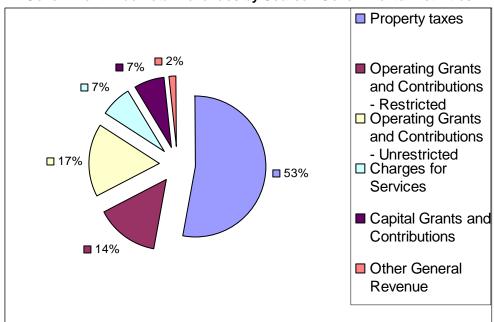
General revenues such as property taxes, fees and charges for services, and unrestricted grants and contributions are not shown by program, but are used to support program activities City-wide. For governmental activities, without regard to program, property taxes are the largest source of revenue, followed by restricted and unrestricted grant and contribution revenue, and charges for services.

Governmental Activities (in thousands)

	Total	Cost	Net C	ost
	of Serv	vices	of Serv	/ices
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	2005
Public safety	\$14,383	\$14,352	\$13,294	\$13,143
General government	5,515	6,014	4,906	5,426
Highways and streets	2,327	5,483	(1,284)	1,710
Recreation and cultural	3,240	3,125	2,049	2,023
Health and welfare	1,560	1,714	(67)	(65)
All others	12,952	12,832	11,457	11,506
Total expenses	\$39,977	\$43,520	\$30,356	\$33,743

The governmental activities chart above factors in general revenues from property taxes, fees and charges for services. It compares cost and net cost from 2004/2005 to 2005/2006. Costs increased primarily as a result of contractual increases, continued emphasis on street and highway infrastructure expenditure to attract economic development, and the non-cash impact of recognizing depreciation expense. Continued reductions in all intergovernmental revenues, and the continuing decline in the availability and amounts of grant funding are also behind the increase in the net cost of services. Declines in the cost of services reflect action taken by City Administration to control variable costs, seek alternative funding sources, and develop long term plans for cyclical infrastructure rehabilitation.

Government-wide Total Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

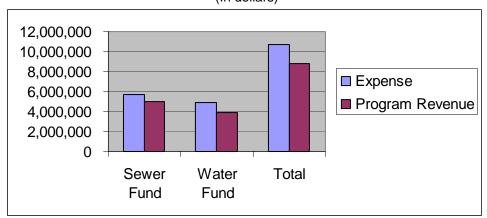


The above chart shows that each City revenue dollar consists of 53% property tax, 14% restricted purpose/use grant funding, 17% unrestricted grant funding, 7% charges for services, 7% capital grants and contributions, and 2% various types of other revenue.

d. Program Revenues and Expenses -- Business-type Activities

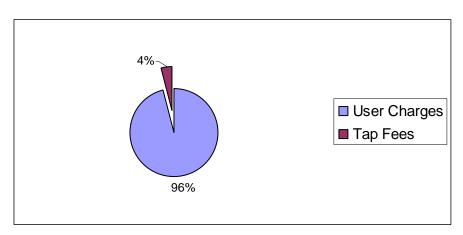
As shown in the following chart, combined operating expenditures exceeded combined operating revenues for the business-type activities. While leaving an adequate fund balance as directed by City Council, making use of fund balance rather than imposing widely varying and volatile rates for user fees was the strategic direction implemented by City Administration to continue operations, maintenance and improvement of City water and sewer systems.

Government-wide Operating Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities (In dollars)



For business-type activities, charges for services provide the largest percentage of revenues (96%). Sewer tap fees (capacity charge, \$351,269) were formerly treated as contributed capital for financial reporting purposes. While less than the prior year, the continued substantial level indicates continuing growth in utility infrastructure that will, in turn, produce additional recurring revenue in the form of utility bills.

Government-wide Operating Revenue by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Fund Level Statements

In comparison to the government-wide statements, the fund-level statements focus on the key funds of the City. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

a. Governmental funds

The City reports the following types of governmental funds: the general fund, special assessments fund, capital improvement fund, and permanent funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unrestricted fund balance of the general fund was \$3.3 million, while total fund balance was \$4.4 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unrestricted fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unrestricted fund balance represents 15% of total general fund expenditures (including transfers) of \$22 million, and total fund balance represents 20% of expenditures.

The fund balance in the general fund increased by \$337,816 during the fiscal year. The primary factor in the increase was prompt conservative action taken to control operating costs in light of continuing reductions in revenue from the state of Michigan and other governmental sources. Property tax revenues increased by almost 1% over fiscal 2004/2005, or approximately \$107,000, offsetting cost increases. Property tax revenue increased by 7.5% in 2004/2005 over 2003/2004, making the 2005/2006 increase of 1% a matter of concern going forward indicating a slowing of tax base growth. Whether it represents an abnormal year, or the beginning of a trend will be carefully watched. Increases in tax revenues are not a result of tax rate increases, in fact the 2005/2006 combined tax rate is the same as in 2004/2005. The increase in revenue is a direct result of growth in tax base.

The fund balance of the special assessment fund decreased on the basis of debt service in excess of current inflows. This utilization of fund balance mitigates the timing differences between the receipt of advance payoffs of assessments and the bond payment schedule.

The capital improvement fund balance increased by \$866,000 as the result of the amount of debt issued exceeding the number of capital projects in the City and their transition to fixed assets placed in service.

The Major and Local Streets funds are displayed as major funds in the financial statements at the direction of the State of Michigan. Both Major and Local Streets showed modest increases in fund balance, of \$114,000 and \$121,000 respectively. On the whole, these funds are in a slightly better position than in 2004/2005. Due in large part to prompt cost controls, actual combined expenditures decreased by \$734,634 over 2004/2005 (20%), more than offsetting the decrease in state source revenues of \$53,441 (1.5%). Savings are being accumulated to fund upcoming street projects.

b. Proprietary funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

- Sewer fund net assets decreased by \$741,000 primarily due to infrastructure expenditures for sewer line extensions and other capital investment, debt service cost, and depreciation in excess of the amount of increase in revenue.
- Water fund net assets decreased by \$1 million as a result of increases in general and
 administrative costs, debt service cost, and depreciation in excess of the amount of increase
 in revenue. At the outset of the year, it was determined by City Administration that fund
 balance would be allowed to absorb cost increases to dampen the effect on consumer rate
 increases over the short term.

c. Fiduciary funds

The City is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for certain of its employees pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that - because of trust arrangements - can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets in the Supplemental Information section. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Other Information

a. General fund budgetary highlights

The final amended expenditure budget for the general fund was \$739,738 greater than the original budget. This increase was the result of encumbrances carried forward from previous budget year appropriations, and the receipt of a state grant by the City Assessors' office. The amended budget reflects the reallocation of resources within the fund during the year for cost controls initiated by the City Manager.

The amended revenue budget for the general fund was \$230,336 more than the original budget reflecting grants awarded, recreation fees, and investment interest earnings that were not included in the original budget.

b. Capital assets

The City's capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2006, amount to \$193,557,039 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure. The total increase in the City's capital assets, before depreciation, for the current fiscal year was \$6,864,087. Capital asset balances are as follows:

Capital Assets at Year-end (net of depreciation, in thousands)

	G	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government				
	20	<u>2005</u>			2006	<u>2005</u>		2006		2005		
Land	\$	7,965	\$	7,606	\$	218	\$	218	\$	8,183	\$	7,824
Land improvements		3,495		3,621		45		51		3,540		3,672
Buildings		9,145		9,459		464		499		9,609		9,958
Machinery and equipment		910		1,201		205		259		1,115		1,460
Vehicles		2,220		2,834		-		-		2,220		2,834
Water / sewer system		-		-		91,332		91,962		91,332		91,962
Infrastructure	7	77,558		79,357		-		-		77,558		79,357
Totals	\$ 10	01,293	\$ 1	04,078	\$	92,264	\$	92,989	\$1	93,557	\$1	97,067

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Governmental capital assets increased by \$5.8 million, \$4.3 million of which was due to the addition of infrastructure assets.
- Business-type activities purchased or completed construction on capital assets of \$679,000, consisting of the replacement and extension of sewer and water lines, and well renovation costs.

More detailed information regarding capital assets can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

c. Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported \$99.9 million in outstanding bonded debt. Of this amount, \$77 million is general obligation debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City, \$22.9 million is revenue bonds, and other bonded debt requiring varying levels of guarantee. In addition, the City reported other long-term obligations of \$3 million. Additional information can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements.

Outstanding Obligations at Year-end (in thousands)

	Governmental		Busine	ss-type	Total			
	Activi	ties	Activ	/ities	Primary Government			
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	2005		
General Obligation Bonds (backed by the city)	\$ 70,611	\$ 65,205	\$ 6,399	\$ 5,089	\$ 77,010	\$ 70,294		
Revenue Bonds (backed			00.075	04.000	00.075	04.000		
By specific revenues)	-		22,875	24,000	22,875	24,000		
Totals	\$ 70,611	\$ 65,205	\$ 29,274	\$ 29,089	\$ 99,885	\$ 94,294		

During fiscal year 2006, the City's total long-term obligations increased by \$5.6 million, net of scheduled payments, The City issued new debt, and the issues included:

- Bonded debt for government functions increased by \$5.4 million, and was used primarily for the following: park and bikeway improvements, and completion of the police station renovation. Street projects included: sidewalk extensions, Oakland Drive from Romence Road to West Centre Avenue widening, and major street resurfacing.
- Bonded debt for business-type functions increased \$185,000, net of scheduled payments, and was used primarily for infrastructure extensions.

The City continues to maintain excellent credit ratings on debt issues. The City has maintained an AA rating from Standard and Poor's since November, 2003, at which time it was upgraded from AA-.

d. Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The City Manager and the City's elected officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2005/2006 budget. Promising signs of growth have resulted in initiatives such as two new Walgreens stores under construction, and completion of the new Stryker Corporation manufacturing facility. Employment has been relatively stable. In late 2002, the City began a savings plan to build reserves for 2002/2003 and beyond. This initiative has continued and the savings are smoothing the City's transition through the continuing decline in state source revenues. The City has continued aggressive cost containment measures, with City departments identifying one-time and on-going cost savings. City management has reduced costs through implementation of process improvements for greater efficiencies. The City has continued to pursue an aggressive course of economic diversification and development, as well as an emphasis on maintaining and improving its infrastructure, as a means to grow tax base and not rely solely on cost cutting to weather rough economic times. In late 2004, the City began

planning for its 2005/2006 budget addressing slower growth in tax base, and continuing decline in all categories of state funding.

e. Requests for information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the finance department of the City of Portage, 7900 South Westnedge Avenue, Portage, Michigan 49002, or 269-329-4456, or on the web at http://www.portagemi.gov.

CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

	Pr	imary Governm	ent	Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Economic Development Corporation
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 16,454,213	\$ 2,354,726	\$ 18,808,939	\$ 18,325
Receivables, net	6,221,384	2,652,835	8,874,219	-
Prepaid items and other assets	804,371	383,732	1,188,103	-
Restricted assets:				
Permanently retricted:				
Cash	-	200,000	200,000	-
Land and rights of way	12,382,092	217,945	12,600,037	-
Capital assets, net of depreciation	88,911,193	92,045,809	180,957,002	
Total assets	124,773,253	97,855,047	222,628,300	18,325
Liebilide				
Liabilities Accounts payable and				
	6 227 060	582,848	6,910,808	
accrued expenses Checks issued on future deposits	6,327,960	3,563,530	3,563,530	-
Unearned revenue	1,153,240	110,946	1,264,186	-
Long-term liabilities:	1,155,240	110,940	1,204,100	-
Due within one year	5,176,784	1,758,831	6,935,615	_
Due in more than one year	68,379,698	27,588,182	95,967,880	
Due in more than one year	00,379,090	21,300,102	93,907,000	
Total liabilities	81,037,682	33,604,337	114,642,019	
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	15,354,711	62,916,741	78,271,452	_
Restricted for:	10,004,711	02,010,141	70,271,402	
Debt service	5,725,651	200,000	5,925,651	_
Capital projects	1,799,270	200,000	1,799,270	_
Nonexpendable	724,240	_	724,240	_
Unrestricted	20,131,699	1,133,969	21,265,668	18,325
Total net assets	\$ 43,735,571	\$ 64,250,710	\$ 107,986,281	\$ 18,325
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN Statement of Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

			Program Revenu	ies	Net (Exp	Net Assets		
			Operating	Capital		nary Government		Component Unit
		Charges	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental I	Business-type		Economic
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Dev. Corp.
Primary government								
Governmental activities:								
Legislative	\$ 54,394	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (54,394)	\$ - \$	(54,394)	\$ -
Judicial	16,763	32,000	-	-	15,237	-	15,237	-
General government	5,514,848	211,982	396,456	-	(4,906,410)	-	(4,906,410)	-
Public safety	14,383,301	977,520	111,617	-	(13,294,164)	-	(13,294,164)	_
Public works	419,620	-	149,062	1,052,729	782,171	-	782,171	-
Health and welfare	1,559,946	127,342	257,709	1,242,301	67,406	_	67,406	_
Economic development	1,951,954	-	21,195	-	(1,930,759)	_	(1,930,759)	-
Recreation and cultural	3,240,010	862,056	300,974	28,386	(2,048,594)	_	(2,048,594)	_
Public transportation	150,762	-	-		(150,762)	_	(150,762)	_
Highways and streets	2,326,796	-	3,578,173	32,296	1,283,673	_	1,283,673	-
Unallocated depreciation expense	7,107,333	_	-	-	(7,107,333)	_	(7,107,333)	_
Interest on long-term debt	3,251,372	228,823	10,770	_	(3,011,779)	_	(3,011,779)	_
Total governmental activities	39,977,099	2,439,723	4,825,956	2,355,712	(30,355,708)	-	(30,355,708)	
rotal governmental activities	39,911,099	2,439,723	4,023,930	2,333,712	(30,333,700)		(30,333,700)	
Business-type activities:								
Sewer	5,722,850	4,878,714	76,863	1,936	=	(765,337)	(765,337)	=
Water	4,930,786	3,869,299	20,419	=	=	(1,041,068)	(1,041,068)	-
Total business-type activities	10,653,636	8,748,013	97,282	1,936	-	(1,806,405)	(1,806,405)	-
Total primary government	50,630,735	11,187,736	4,923,238	2,357,648	(30,355,708)	(1,806,405)	(32,162,113)	
Component unit								
Component unit Economic Development								
Corporation			157					157
Total component units	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 457	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		457 457
rotal component units	\$ -	<u> </u>	р 457	<u> </u>		-	<u>-</u>	457
	General revenues	S:						
	Property taxes				17,935,699	=	17,935,699	=
	. ,	ributions not restric	ted to specific pro	grams	5,758,065	_	5,758,065	_
		estment earnings	op op om op 10	J	593,217	_	593,217	_
	Gain on sale of				8,930	-	8,930	_
	Transfers	oup.tu. uoooto			(37,000)	37,000	-	_
		revenues and trans	sfers		24,258,911	37,000	24,295,911	-
	Change in				(6,096,797)	(1,769,405)	(7,866,202)	457
	Net assets - begi				49,832,368	66,020,115	115,852,483	17,868
	Net assets - begin					\$ 64,250,710 \$	107,986,281	\$ 18,325
The notes to the financial statements are		-			Ψ 40,100,011	ψ 07,200,110 Φ	101,300,201	Ψ 10,323

CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

A00FT0		General Fund	As	Special ssessments Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Major Streets Fund		Local Streets Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS	Φ.	4 000 000	Φ	4 440 004	Φ	0.004.440	Φ.	400.000	Φ	045 557	Ф 0.400.000	Ф 45 400 004
Cash and investments	\$	4,069,692	\$	4,418,861	\$	3,294,148	\$	198,033	\$	245,557	\$ 3,183,633	\$ 15,409,924
Accounts receivable		37,941		-		-		-		-	1,367,524	1,405,465
Delinquent taxes receivable		31,501		-		-		-		-	-	31,501
Special assessments receivable				3,561,569		-		-		-	-	3,561,569
Due from other governments		538,382		60,027		-		431,348		130,400	62,692	1,222,849
Prepaid costs	_	478,309	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>	_	19,644	_	14,632	138,677	651,262
Total assets	\$	5,155,825	\$	8,040,457	\$	3,294,148	\$	649,025	\$	390,589	\$ 4,752,526	\$ 22,282,570
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	55,196	\$	646	\$	411,329	\$	66,513	\$	79	\$ 37,564	\$ 571,327
Checks issued against future deposits		-		_		-		_		-	156,458	156,458
Accrued compensation		464,295		_		_		18,623		16,296	12,841	512,055
Interest payable		-		_		35				· -	30,973	31,008
Deferred revenue		9,234		3,600,307		-		_		-	1,144,006	4,753,547
Deposits payable		213,164		· · · · -		28,514		-		-	25,000	266,678
Bond anticipation note		, -		_		1,055,000		-		-	-	1,055,000
Total liabilities		741,889		3,600,953		1,494,878		85,136		16,375	1,406,842	7,346,073
FUND BALANCE												
Reserved for encumbrances		571,864		-		-		359,668		4,690	63,804	1,000,026
Reserved for prepaid costs		458,099		-		-		19,644		14,632	7,999	500,374
Reserved for imprest cash funds		4,050		-		-		-		-	-	4,050
Reserved for emergency preparedness		1,000		-		-		-		-	-	1,000
Reserved for public safety training		42,004		_		-		-		-	-	42,004
Reserved for uncompleted projects		-		-		1,799,270		-		-	147,135	1,946,405
Reserved for debt service		-		-		-		-		-	1,994,680	1,994,680
Reserved for perpetual care		-		_		-		-		-	724,240	724,240
Reserved for loans		-		-		-		-		-	6,659	6,659
Unreserved and undesignated, reported in:												
General fund		3,336,919		_		-		-		-	-	3,336,919
Debt service funds		-		4,439,504		-		-		-	-	4,439,504
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		184,577		354,892	401,167	940,636
Total fund balance		4,413,936	_	4,439,504		1,799,270		563,889		374,214	3,345,684	14,936,497
Total liabilities and fund balance The notes to the financial statements are an integral part		5,155,825	\$	8,040,457	\$	3,294,148	\$	649,025	\$	390,589	\$ 4,752,526	\$ 22,282,570

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to Net Assets of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

Fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 14,936,497

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore not reported in the funds.

Add: capital assets 218,610,779 Subtract: accumulated depreciation (119,229,342)

Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred revenues in the governmental funds, and thus are not included in fund balance.

Add: deferred special assessments

3,600,307

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance and equipment to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

Add: net assets of governmental activities accounted for in internal service funds

621,183

Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Subtract: bonds payable, net of internal service fund debt

Subtract: compensated absences and other long-term liabilities, net of

(68,757,784)

internal service fund compensated absences
Subtract: accrued interest on long-term liabilities

(2,912,214) (3,133,855)

Net assets of governmental activities

\$ 43,735,571

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	General	Special Assessments	Capital Projects	Major Streets	Local Streets	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
REVENUES:	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 14,001,291	\$ 2,395,731	\$ 3,508,561	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,706,816	\$ 21,612,399
Licenses and permits	655,323	=	=	-	-	533,320	1,188,643
Intergovernmental	4,162,852	=	345,221	2,762,403	794,756	231,115	8,296,347
Charges for services	2,420,364	-	-	-	-	71,398	2,491,762
Interest and rents	610,490	497,324	72,018	19,351	1,653	321,300	1,522,136
Other	198,101		32,296		10	227,199	457,606
Total revenues	22,048,421	2,893,055	3,958,096	2,781,754	796,419	3,091,148	35,568,893
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Legislative	54,394	-	-	-	-	-	54,394
Judicial	16,763	-	-	-	-	-	16,763
General government	5,165,479	-	-	-	-	54,924	5,220,403
Public safety	13,396,072	-	-	-	-	64,212	13,460,284
Public works	357,365	-	-	-	-	-	357,365
Health and welfare	129,744	-	-	-	-	1,415,485	1,545,229
Recreation and cultural	2,335,473	-	-	-	-	505,263	2,840,736
Public transportation	149,121	-	-	-	-	-	149,121
Highways and streets	-	-	-	1,820,084	1,200,924	-	3,021,008
Refund of tax revenues	-	-	-	-	-	10,282	10,282
Development	-	-	-	-	-	1,951,954	1,951,954
Capital outlay	-	-	5,511,322	-	-	-	5,511,322
Debt service:							
Principal	-	919,000	-	-	-	2,303,969	3,222,969
Interest and fiscal charges	<u>-</u> _	335,699				2,467,415	2,803,114
Total expenditures	21,604,411	1,254,699	5,511,322	1,820,084	1,200,924	8,773,504	40,164,944
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	444,010	1,638,356	(1,553,226)	961,670	(404,505)	(5,682,356)	(4,596,051)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Issuance of debt	-	-	5,673,827	-	-	3,120,000	8,793,827
Transfers in	311,306	-	780,000	118,500	545,400	3,975,698	5,730,904
Transfers out	(417,500)		(4,034,500)	(965,900)	(19,500)	(330,504)	(5,767,904)
Net other financing sources (uses)	(106,194)		2,419,327	(847,400)	525,900	6,765,194	8,756,827
Net change in fund balances	337,816	1,638,356	866,101	114,270	121,395	1,082,838	4,160,776
Fund balances - beginning	4,076,120	2,801,148	933,169	449,619	252,819	2,262,846	10,775,721
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,413,936	\$ 4,439,504	\$ 1,799,270	\$ 563,889	\$ 374,214	\$ 3,345,684	\$ 14,936,497

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	4,160,776
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are differences:	erent	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated us lives and reported as depreciation expense. Add: capital outlay Subtract: depreciation expense		6,496,277 (9,046,792)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but iss debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of be principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	oond	
Add: principal payments on long-term liabilities Add/(subtract): change in Special Assessments deferred revenue Subtract: issuance of debt		3,222,969 (1,691,264) (8,793,827)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the us current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditure governmental funds.		
Add: prior year accrued interest on bonds Subtract: current year accrued interest on bonds Subtract: increase in the accrual of compensated absences		2,758,135 (3,133,855) (97,100)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of ce activities, such as insurance and other centralized costs, to individual funds. The revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmentativities.	e net	
Add: interest revenue from governmental internal service funds Add: gain on disposal of fixed assets in governmental internal service funds Subtract: interest expense from governmental internal service funds Add: net operating loss from governmental activities		41,025 8,930 (72,880)
accounted for in internal service funds		50,809

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ (6,096,797)

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Original	Amended		Variance with Amended Budget
REVENUES:	Budget	Budget	Actual	+ / (-)
Taxes:				
Property tax collections	\$ 13,742,200	\$ 13,742,200	\$ 13,139,287	\$ (602,913)
Penalty and interest	50,000	50,000	70,424	20,424
Administration fees	796,000	796,000	791,580	(4,420)
Licenses and permits:	700,000	700,000	701,000	(1,120)
Building fees and permits	680,075	680,075	626,306	(53,769)
Liquor licenses	21,000	21,000	29,017	8,017
Federal grants		4,229	4,229	-
State Grants:		.,==0	.,0	
Revenue sharing	4,006,000	4,006,000	3,947,764	(58,236)
Criminal justice grants	10,000	10,000	18,311	8,311
Parks grants	2,500	3,300	3,925	625
Senior Center grants	63,430	63,430	45,998	(17,432)
Tax audit grants	, -	-	94,877	94,877
Other state grants	2,500	2,500	16,696	14,196
Contribution from local units	28,789	28,789	31,052	2,263
Charges for services:				
Recreation fees	209,000	218,913	222,713	3,800
Police service fees	213,500	213,500	241,667	28,167
Planning, zoning and site fees	87,500	87,500	84,313	(3,187)
Accounting and management	1,789,190	1,789,190	1,790,088	898
Cemetery	58,000	58,000	47,209	(10,791)
Court Cost Reimbursement	32,000	32,000	32,000	=
Senior Center	1,000	1,000	1,189	189
Other	1,500	1,500	1,185	(315)
Fines and forfeits	25,000	25,000	-	(25,000)
Interest and rents:				
Interest on investments	180,000	390,394	480,174	89,780
Rental income	156,000	156,000	130,316	(25,684)
Other:				
Reimbursements:				
Senior Center	132,500	132,500	121,965	(10,535)
Other reimbursements	30,900	30,900	4,032	(26,868)
Property sales	25,000	25,000	13,492	(11,508)
Donations	18,000	23,000	15,358	(7,642)
Miscellaneous	26,325	26,325	43,254	16,929
Total revenues	22,387,909	22,618,245	22,048,421	(569,824)

continued...

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Original Budget		mended Budget	Actual		iance with ded Budget + / (-)
EXPENDITURES:				2 4 4 9 0 1	 7.1010101	. —	.,()
Judicial:							
District Court	\$	23,162	\$	23,162	\$ 16,763	\$	6,399
Legislative:	·	,	•	•	•	•	,
City Council		48,600		57,200	54,394		2,806
General Government:							
City Manager		768,811		767,917	684,426		83,491
Finance:							
Accounting		346,535		349,611	327,863		21,748
Financial management		370,968		368,282	349,659		18,623
Treasury		212,255		212,255	197,046		15,209
City assessor:							
Assessor		653,235		752,287	672,810		79,477
Board of review		29,136		30,786	28,396		2,390
City attorney		185,818		189,387	188,742		645
City clerk:							
Elections		160,635		169,635	143,290		26,345
City clerk		150,808		156,780	122,907		33,873
Records management		59,166		60,166	51,736		8,430
Human resources:							
Employee development		541,873		542,464	450,260		92,204
Benefit services		402,651		407,251	364,155		43,096
Information services:							
Management information services		670,475		696,483	649,824		46,659
Communication services		(25,028)		3,525	(12,668)		16,193
Purchasing:							
Purchasing		251,325		258,034	242,889		15,145
Risk management		53,906		54,264	47,546		6,718
Buildings		514,626		591,390	545,243		46,147
Cemeteries		115,482		118,889	111,355		7,534
Public safety:							
Police:							
Administration		673,521		795,325	714,065		81,260
Youth services		759,446		759,686	746,017		13,669
Investigation		490,703		518,524	502,158		16,366
Patrol		4,551,601		4,564,757	4,300,256		264,501
Training		175,693		181,538	158,318		23,220
Central communications		937,082		940,936	912,282		28,654
911 Call Center		69,404		69,404	57,365		12,039
Records		632,597		633,937	613,421		20,516
Drug law enforcement		199,369		199,369	187,827		11,542
Fire:							
Administration		623,567		660,056	617,748		42,308
Operations		3,251,893		3,303,877	3,099,334		204,543
On-call		115,612		116,973	110,232		6,741
Emergency operations		-		1,900	1,414		486
Fire marshal		110,634		112,271	106,154		6,117
Training		123,798		127,759	117,362		10,397
		22				COI	ntinued

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Original Budget	-	Amended Budget	Actual		iance with nded Budget +/(-)
EXPENDITURES (continued):						
Community development:						
Building services	\$ 655,895	\$	670,092	\$ 618,404	\$	51,688
Planning/community development	324,988		333,485	286,650		46,835
Neighborhood services	262,496		271,574	247,065		24,509
Public works:						
Street lighting	375,500		427,874	357,365		70,509
Health and welfare:						
Human services	126,370		140,784	129,744		11,040
Recreation and cultural:						
Senior citizen center	433,901		444,979	390,700		54,279
Recreation	266,732		272,530	263,261		9,269
Parks	1,640,253		1,717,834	1,681,512		36,322
Transportation subsidies	119,881		119,881	149,121		(29,240)
Total expenditures	22,455,375		23,195,113	21,604,411	1	,590,702
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 (67,466)		(576,868)	 444,010	1	,020,878
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in:						
Leaf Pickup/Spring Cleanup Fund	187,306		187,306	187,306		-
Cable TV Fund	115,000		115,000	115,000		-
Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund	9,000		9,000	9,000		-
Transfers out:						
Major Street Fund	(81,500)		(168,500)	(118,500)		50,000
Local Street Fund	(336,000)		(299,000)	(299,000)		
Total other financing sources and uses	(106,194)		(156,194)	(106,194)		50,000
Net change in fund balance	(173,660)		(733,062)	337,816	1	,070,878
Fund balance - beginning	 4,076,120		4,076,120	 4,076,120		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 3,902,460	\$	3,343,058	\$ 4,413,936	\$ 1	,070,878

Special Assessements Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Original Budget	,	Amended Budget	Actual	ariance with ended Budget + / (-)
REVENUE:					
Special assessments	\$ 905,033	\$	905,033	\$ 2,395,731	\$ 1,490,698
Interest on special assessments	303,303		303,303	348,090	44,787
Interest on investments	44,700		50,355	149,234	 98,879
Total revenues	1,253,036		1,258,691	2,893,055	 1,634,364
EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:					
Principal retirement	919,000		919,000	919,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	333,526		339,181	 335,699	 3,482
Total expenditures	1,252,526		1,258,181	1,254,699	3,482
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	510		510	1,638,356	 1,637,846
Net change in fund balance	510		510	1,638,356	1,637,846
Fund balance - beginning	2,801,148		2,801,148	2,801,148	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 2,801,658	\$	2,801,658	\$ 4,439,504	\$ 1,637,846

Capital Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

DEVENUE	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget + / (-)
REVENUE: Taxes and special assessments	\$ 3,746,000	\$ 3,746,000	\$ 3,508,561	\$ (237,439)
Intergovernmental:	φ 3,740,000	Φ 3,740,000	φ 3,300,301	φ (237,439)
Federal grants	940,000	1,208,246	-	(1,208,246)
State grants	-	99,846	345,221	245,375
Interest and rents	200,000	200,000	72,018	(127,982)
Other		58,467	32,296	(26,171)
Total revenues	4,886,000	5,312,559	3,958,096	(1,354,463)
EXPENDITURES:				
Capital outlay	6,453,000	16,283,583	5,511,322	10,772,261
Total expenditures	6,453,000	16,283,583	5,511,322	10,772,261
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,567,000)	(10,971,024)	(1,553,226)	9,417,798
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds of debt obligations	4,856,000	12,557,407	5,673,827	(6,883,580)
Transfers in	790,000	978,198	780,000	(198,198)
Transfers out	(4,079,000)	(4,916,213)	(4,034,500)	881,713
Total other financing sources and uses	1,567,000	8,619,392	2,419,327	(6,200,065)
Net change in fund balance	-	(2,351,632)	866,101	3,217,733
Fund balance - beginning	933,169	933,169	933,169	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 933,169	\$ (1,418,463)	\$ 1,799,270	\$ 3,217,733

Major Streets Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget +/(-)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental:				
State grants	\$ 2,951,000	\$ 2,951,000	\$ 2,762,403	\$ (188,597)
Interest on investments	6,000	15,000	19,351	4,351
Total revenues	2,957,000	2,966,000	2,781,754	(184,246)
EXPENDITURES				
Highways and streets:				
Routine maintenance	1,090,120	1,134,425	680,333	454,092
Traffic services	559,099	602,366	519,596	82,770
Winter maintenance	451,005	451,005	451,494	(489)
Administration	203,529	198,710	168,661	30,049
Total expenditures	2,303,753	2,386,506	1,820,084	566,422
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	653,247	579,494	961,670	382,176
OTHER FINANCING COURCES (HOFE)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in:				
General Fund	81,500	118,500	118,500	_
Transfers out:	01,000	110,000	110,000	
Local Street Fund	(246,400)	(246,400)	(246,400)	_
Sewer Fund	(19,500)	(19,500)	(19,500)	_
Capital Improvement Funds	(700,000)	(700,000)	(700,000)	
Not ather financing accuracy (1999)	(004.400)	(0.47, 400)	(0.47, 400)	
Net other financing sources (uses)	(884,400)	(847,400)	(847,400)	
Net change in fund balances	(231,153)	(267,906)	114,270	382,176
Fund balances - beginning	449,619	449,619	449,619	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 218,466	\$ 181,713	\$ 563,889	\$ 382,176

Local Streets Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Original Amended Budget Budget Actual		riance with nded Budget +/(-)		
REVENUES			 _	 	 _
Intergovernmental:					
State grants	\$	825,000	\$ 825,000	\$ 794,756	\$ (30,244)
Interest on investments		1,000	1,000	1,653	653
Other revenue				 10	10
Total revenues		826,000	 826,000	 796,419	 (29,581)
EXPENDITURES					
Highways and streets:					
Routine maintenance		710,229	686,335	622,825	63,510
Traffic services		78,015	79,040	66,448	12,592
Winter maintenance		426,670	425,120	364,851	60,269
Administration		191,498	186,022	146,800	39,222
Total expenditures		1,406,412	1,376,517	1,200,924	 175,593
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		(580,412)	 (550,517)	 (404,505)	 146,012
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in:					
General Fund		336,000	299,000	299,000	-
Major Street Fund		246,400	246,400	246,400	-
Transfers out:					
Sewer Operating Fund		(19,500)	(19,500)	 (19,500)	 -
Net other financing sources (uses)		562,900	525,900	525,900	
Net change in fund balances		(17,512)	(24,617)	121,395	146,012
Fund balances - beginning		252,819	252,819	252,819	
Fund balances - ending	\$	235,307	\$ 228,202	\$ 374,214	\$ 146,012

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2006

				Governmental
	Bu	siness-type Activiti	es	Activities
	Sewer	Water	_	Internal
	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,354,726	\$ -	\$ 2,354,726	\$ 1,200,747
Restricted cash and investments:				
Revenue bonds	100,000	100,000	200,000	-
Accounts receivable	1,300,009	1,031,134	2,331,143	-
Due from other governmental units	-	19,544	19,544	-
Inventory	-	-	-	82,980
Prepaid costs	99,981	283,751	383,732	70,129
Current portion of hookup:				
charges receivable	27,853	16,649	44,502	
Total current assets	3,882,569	1,451,078	5,333,647	1,353,856
Noncurrent assets:				
Hook-up charges receivable (net of				
current portion)	146,228	111,418	257,646	-
Total other assets	146,228	111,418	257,646	-
Capital assets:				
Land	51,495	166,450	217,945	22,489
Land improvements	-	90,517	90,517	123,769
Buildings	690,470	399,031	1,089,501	1,757,821
Utility system	66,622,890	49,902,758	116,525,648	-
Machinery and equipment	705,022	457,055	1,162,077	972,566
Vehicles	-	-	-	3,715,009
Less accumulated depreciation	(18,054,118)	(8,767,816)	(26,821,934)	(4,679,806)
Total capital assets (net of				
accumulated depreciation)	50,015,759	42,247,995	92,263,754	1,911,848
Total noncurrent assets	50,161,987	42,359,413	92,521,400	1,911,848
Total assets	54,044,556	43,810,491	97,855,047	3,265,704

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds (continued) June 30, 2006

				Governmental
	Вι	usiness-type Activiti	ies	Activities
	Sewer	Water		Internal
	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Funds
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 244,235	\$ 166,915	\$ 411,150	\$ 11,060
Accrued compensation	10,614	12,723	23,337	10,916
Checks issued on future deposits	-	3,563,530	3,563,530	-
Workers' compensation	-	-	-	717,063
Accrued interest payable	33,731	114,630	148,361	18,998
Deferred revenue	109,340	1,606	110,946	-
Current portion of long term debt	529,718	1,229,113	1,758,831	387,334
Total current liabilities	927,638	5,088,517	6,016,155	1,145,371
l and tarms dabt.				
Long term debt: Revenue bonds (net of current portion)	3,877,005	12 044 452	17 701 457	
, , , ,	3,077,003	13,844,452	17,721,457	-
Limited tax general obligation bonds (net of current portion)	1,936,983	7,884,916	9,821,899	
Notes payable-net of current portion	1,930,963	7,004,910	9,021,099	80,080
Capitalized lease (net of current portion)	-	-	-	•
Accrued vacation and sick pay	22.406	-	44.006	1,385,333
	22,406	22,420	44,826	33,737
Total long term debt	5,836,394	21,751,788	27,588,182	1,499,150
Total liabilities	6,764,032	26,840,305	33,604,337	2,644,521
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of				
related debt	43,649,647	19,267,094	62,916,741	59,101
Restricted:	.0,0.0,0	. 5,25. ,55	0=,0:0,:::	33,.3.
Restricted for revenue bond indentures	100,000	100,000	200,000	_
Unrestricted	3,530,877	(2,396,908)	1,133,969	562,082
	0,000,011	(2,000,000)	.,,	
Total net assets	\$ 47,280,524	\$ 16,970,186	\$ 64,250,710	\$ 621,183

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

				Governmental
	Bu	siness-type Activit	ies	Activities
	Sewer	Water		Internal
Operating revenues:	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Funds
Charges for services:				
User charges	\$ 4,527,445	\$ 3,841,036	\$ 8,368,481	\$ 2,245,995
Capacity charge	351,269	-	351,269	-
Other	-	-	-	25,757
Total operating revenues	4,878,714	3,841,036	8,719,750	2,271,752
Operating expenses:				
Operations and maintenance	3,654,758	1,966,215	5,620,973	1,816,247
General and administrative	1,056,728	1,382,468	2,439,196	-
Depreciation	749,335	657,245	1,406,580	405,038
Total operating expenses	5,460,821	4,005,928	9,466,749	2,221,285
Operating income (loss)	(582,107)	(164,892)	(746,999)	50,467
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
State grant revenue	-	28,263	28,263	-
Interest on investments	76,863	20,419	97,282	41,025
Interest and fiscal charges	(262,029)	(924,858)	(1,186,887)	(72,880)
Gain on sale of fixed assets	1,936	-	1,936	8,930
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(183,230)	(876,176)	(1,059,406)	(22,925)
Income (loss) before contributions				
and transfers	(765,337)	(1,041,068)	(1,806,405)	27,542
Transfers in	79,000	20,000	99,000	-
Transfers out	(55,000)	(7,000)	(62,000)	<u> </u>
Change in net assets	(741,337)	(1,028,068)	(1,769,405)	27,542
Total net assets - beginning	48,021,861	17,998,254	66,020,115	593,641
Total net assets - ending	\$ 47,280,524	\$ 16,970,186	\$ 64,250,710	\$ 621,183

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

		siness-type Activiti	es	Governmental Activities
ODED ATING A OTIVITIES.	Sewer	Water	T-4-1	Internal
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Funds
Cash received from customers	\$ 4,709,014	\$ 3,783,549	\$ 8,492,563	\$ 2,272,383
Cash payments to suppliers	(4,304,789)	(1,933,705)	(6,238,494)	(1,335,353)
Cash payments to employees for services Cash provided by operating activites	(359,527) 44,698	(433,935) 1,415,909	(793,462) 1,460,607	(368,563) 568,467
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	44,090	1,415,909	1,400,007	300,407
Transfer from other funds	79,000	20,000	99,000	-
Transfer to other funds	(55,000)	(7,000)	(62,000)	<u> </u>
Cash provided by capital and				
related financing activities	24,000	13,000	37,000	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Issuance of debt	609,637	1,160,000	1,769,637	136,537
Capital grants	009,037	28,263	28,263	130,337
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,936	20,203	1,936	17,305
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(52,385)	(629,000)	(681,385)	(179,692)
Principal paid on bonds, notes and capital lease	(445,630)	(1,111,185)	(1,556,815)	(301,157)
Interest and fiscal charges paid on bonds	(248,618)	(897,406)	(1,146,024)	(72,341)
Cash (used) in capital and	(210,010)	(001,100)	(1,110,021)	(12,011)
related financing activities	(135,060)	(1,449,328)	(1,584,388)	(399,348)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest on investments	76,863	20,419	97,282	41,025
Cash provided by investing activities	76,863	20,419	97,282	41,025
	70,003	20,413	31,202	41,023
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	10,501	-	10,501	210,144
Cash and investments - beginning of year	2,444,225	100,000	2,544,225	990,603
Cash and investments - end of year	\$ 2,454,726	\$ 100,000	\$ 2,554,726	\$ 1,200,747
Reconciliation of operating income to	Ψ 2, 10 1,1 20	Ψ 100,000	Ψ 2,00 1,1 20	Ψ 1,200,111
cash provided by operating activites:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (582,107)	\$ (164,892)	\$ (746,999)	\$ 50,467
Adjustments to reconcile operating				
income (loss) to net cash provided				
by operating activities:	740 225	657.045	1 100 E00	405.020
Depreciation Decrease in accounts receivable	749,335 (235,500)	657,245 (46,743)	1,406,580 (282,243)	405,038 631
	(233,300)	(40,743)	(202,243)	2,290
(Increase) in inventory (Increase) in prepaid costs	(10,852)	(11,800)	(22,652)	2,290 (5,478)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	69,197	43,140	112,337	(37,411)
Increase in checks issued	03,137	73,140	112,001	(37,411)
against future deposits	_	962,307	962,307	_
(Decrease) in deferred revenue	65,800	(10,744)	55,056	- -
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensation	(11,175)	(12,604)	(23,779)	152,930
Cash provided by operating activites	\$ 44,698	\$ 1,415,909	\$ 1,460,607	\$ 568,467

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2006

<u>ASSETS</u>	Pension and Employee Benefit Trust Funds	Agency Funds
Cash and investments Cash and investments - non-pooled Investments in fixed income securities Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Total assets	\$ 2,090 1,742,079 3,390,348 - - - 5,134,517	\$ 801,770 - 418,753 433,933 1,654,456
LIABILITIES Checks issued against future deposits Payroll withholdings payable Accrued interest payable Due to other governments Deposits Total liabilities	- - - - -	290,648 99,585 433,933 646,871 183,419 1,654,456
NET ASSETS Assets held in trust for pension benefits Assets held in trust for retiree benefits Total net assets	3,390,348 1,744,169 \$ 5,134,517	- - \$ -

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statements.

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Pension Trust Funds

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Pension and Employee Benefit Trust Funds	
ADDITIONS		_
Employer contributions	\$	427,320
Investment income		
Net decrease in the fair value of investments		(323,174)
Interest income		233,530
Net investment income		(89,644)
Total additions		337,676
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits to plan members		(207,018)
Administrative expenses		(10,703)
Total deductions		(217,721)
Change in net assets		119,955
Net assets - beginning		5,014,562
Net assets - ending	\$	5,134,517

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statements.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Portage was incorporated December 31, 1963, under the provisions of Act 279, P.A. 1909, as amended (Home Rule City Act). The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government, and provides services as authorized by its charter. The City Council is composed of a Mayor and six Councilmembers. The Mayor is elected for a two-year term, and the Councilmembers are elected at large for four-year staggered terms without term limits.

The City engages in a comprehensive range of municipal services including public safety, streets and highways, parks and facility management, and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and contracts the operation of certain major enterprise activities including water and wastewater utilities. These activities are included in the accompanying financial activities.

The Charter of the City of Portage requires an annual audit by an independent certified public accountant. The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used by the City are described below.

As a local government, the City is exempt from federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Sections 115 and 501(a), and from state sales tax.

A. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), these financial statements present the City (the Primary Government) and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City is considered financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on the organization by significantly influencing the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations, and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit has a June 30 fiscal year-end.

Blended Component Units:

Building Authority - The Building Authority was established by the City on May 2, 1969 under the authority contained in Act 31, Michigan Public Acts of 1948, as amended in 1969 and 1984. The Act authorized the City to incorporate an authority for the purpose or purposes as follows: to build, acquire, furnish, equip, own, improve, enlarge, lease, operate, and maintain a building or buildings, automobile parking lots or structures, recreational facilities, stadiums and the necessary site or sites therefore, together with appurtenant properties and facilities necessary or convenient for the effective use thereof, for use for any legitimate public purpose of the City of Portage. The governing body of the Authority is known as the "Commission" and consists of the City Manager, City Finance Director and the Chairperson of the Board of the Local Development Finance Authority for the City of Portage. The Building Authority is a blended component unit because, although the governing bodies of the City and the Authority are not similar, the services and benefits provided to entities other than the City are insignificant. That mandates treatment as a blended component unit under GAAP.

Downtown Development Authority - The Downtown Development Authority was established by the City on April 21, 1998 under the authority contained in Act No. 197 of the Public Acts of Michigan of 1975 as amended. The act authorizes the City to provide for the creation of the authority; to define the boundaries of the downtown development district; to correct and prevent deterioration in the central business district; and to authorize the issuance of bonds and other evidences of indebtedness. The taxes collected on the

increased taxable value resulting from Downtown Development Authority provided improvements are used to pay debt service. The Downtown Development Authority Board is comprised of the City Manager and eight citizen members appointed by the City Manager, subject to approval by the City Council. The Downtown Development Authority is a blended component unit because, although the governing bodies of the City and the Authority are not similar, the services and benefits provided to entities other than the City are insignificant.

Local Development Finance Authority - The Authority was established by the City on March 20, 1990, under the authority contained in Act 281 of Michigan Public Acts of 1986. The Act authorized the City to designate a specific district within its corporate limits as a Local Development Finance District. The Authority was appointed to promote the growth of specific, legally defined districts and take all steps necessary to create jobs and promote economic growth. The City Manager appoints seven members of the Authority Board of Directors. The other four members of the board of directors are appointed by Kalamazoo County (1), Kalamazoo Valley Community College (1), and Portage Public Schools (2). The Local Development Finance Authority is a blended component unit because, although the governing bodies of the City and the Authority are not similar, the City Manager appoints the voting majority of the governing body and may therefore impose the City's will on the organization. Further, because the City is financially responsible for the Authority, and because the Authority acts only to further the development aims of the consolidated plan of the City, the services and benefits provided to entities other than the City are insignificant.

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Complete financial statements for the discretely presented component units can be obtained from the Department of Community Development, City of Portage, 7900 South Westnedge Avenue, Portage, Michigan 49002.

Economic Development Corporation - The Corporation was established by the City on November 21, 1978, under the authority contained in Act 338, Michigan Public Acts of 1974. The purpose of the Corporation is to promote the economic development of the community. To achieve this purpose, the Corporation issues bonds to private business and industry to finance projects that reduce unemployment and otherwise strengthen and revitalize the local economy. The City Council of the City of Portage appoints the Economic Development Corporation Board of Directors. Because the City appoints the voting majority of the governing body and may therefore impose its will on the organization, it has been presented as component unit. It is not a blended component unit under GAAP because the component unit's governing body is not substantially the same as the primary government, and the benefits provided to entities other than the City are significant.

Tax Increment Finance Authority - The Authority was established by the City on September 3, 1985, under the authority contained in Act 450, Michigan Public Acts of 1981. The Act authorized the City to designate a specific district within its corporate limits as a Tax Increment Finance Authority District. The Authority is appointed to preside over this specific district and it is authorized to formulate plans and secure financing for public improvements, economic development, neighborhood revitalization and historic preservation within this area. These plans must be set forth in a tax increment financing plan which must be approved by the governing body of the City. The City Council of the City of Portage also appoints the Tax Increment Finance Authority Board of Directors. Because the city appoints the voting majority of the governing body and may therefore impose its will on the organization, and because the City is financially responsible for the Tax Increment Financing Authority, it is presented as a component unit. It is not a blended component unit under GAAP because the component unit's governing body is not substantially the same as the primary government, and the benefits provided to entities other than the City are significant. However, since the Authority had no activity during the fiscal year, no data has been presented.

B. Basis of presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements - The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. The previous financial reporting model emphasized fund types, i.e., the total of all funds of a particular type, such as capital project funds. The new reporting model focus is on either the City as a whole or on major individual funds.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Internal service fund asset and liability balances that are not eliminated in the statement of net assets are reported in the governmental activities column on the government-wide statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net assets includes governmental assets and liabilities previously reported in the general fixed asset account group and the general long term debt group, in addition to infrastructure assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expenses of most business-type activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

The fund level statements focus on the governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. Each fund was established for the purpose of accounting for specific activities in accordance with applicable regulations, restrictions or limitations. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are supported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The city's fiduciary funds, which have been redefined and narrowed in scope, are presented in the fund financial statements by type (pension, private purpose and agency). By definition, these assets are held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, and are therefore not included in the government-wide statements. The activities of these funds include administration of the defined benefit pension trust and retiree health care liability fund, as well as the administration of the Cemetery Permanent fund, the Historic Book fund, and the CDBG Program Income fund. Because the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental column of the government-wide financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources management focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Revenues, other than grants, are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period (defined by the City as collected within 60 days of year-end). Revenues billed under a contractual agreement with another governmental entity, including federal and state grants, are recognized when billed and when all eligibility requirements of the provider have been met and are considered to be available if expected to be collected within one year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred. However, expenditures related to compensated absences or arbitrage are recorded when the liability is matured. Debt service expenditures are recognized when payment is matured. The reported fund balance of governmental funds is considered a measure of available expendable resources.

Property taxes, franchise fees, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It includes the following activities: public safety, streets and highways, parks and facility management, and general government.

Special Assessment Fund: Although no longer required as an individual governmental fund-type after GASB Statement No. 6, *Accounting and Reporting for Special Assessments*, the City utilizes special assessments under its Charter to balance the cost of certain public improvements between private benefit and public burden, and chooses to emphasize the difference between special assessment debt and other debt issues by continuing to maintain this fund type. The public improvements subject to special assessment primarily benefit a particular property owner or group of property owners, ultimately increasing the fair market value of their property. The property owners pay the assessment over a 10-year term for street improvements, and over a 20-year term for water and sewer improvements, unless sooner paid. The activities performed by the City with regard to Special Assessments include organizing special assessment districts, overseeing the performance of the project itself, and accounting for and collecting the assessments to pay any debt incurred to finance the project.

<u>Capital Improvement Program (CIP) Fund</u>: The City assesses a dedicated tax millage to support a balanced capital investment program. The program constructs, improves and maintains the highest level of public infrastructure and community resources. The fund accounts for the collection of dedicated tax revenues, and for financing the construction of all City capital projects in excess of \$10,000. These projects include creation of or improvements to streets, parks, city buildings, and other city facilities not owned or used by the Water and Sewer utility enterprises.

<u>Major Streets Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the maintenance of major streets, as certified by the state highway commissioner, and trunklines within the City. Primary funding is from special revenues provisions of Act 51 of 1951, as amended, of the state of Michigan. This fund does not meet the criteria of a major fund as defined by GASB, but the state of Michigan requires that it be presented as a major fund.

<u>Local Streets Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the maintenance of all local streets, as certified by the state highway commissioner. It is funded by special revenues from provisions of Act 51 of 1951, as amended, of the state of Michigan. This fund does not meet the criteria of a major fund as defined by GASB, but the state of Michigan requires that it be presented as a major fund.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations, such as providing water and wastewater services. Other revenues or expenses are non-operating items.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds, which are also considered proprietary funds:

<u>Sewer Fund</u> - Accounts for the activities of the City-owned wastewater utility. Water Fund - Accounts for the activities of the City-owned water utility.

In addition, the City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, including grant funds. These include cultural activities, cable television, Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Local Development Finance Authority, West Lake weed management, curbside recycling, and the leaf pickup fund.

Debt Service Funds account for resources accumulated and payments made for general long-term debt.

Permanent Funds account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that restrictions apply as to whether only earnings and not principal may be used for the limited and specific purposes that support the City's programs. Permanent funds account for Cemetery Perpetual Care and CDBG Program Income related activities.

The City reports the following proprietary and fiduciary funds:

Enterprise funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Costs are financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City has elected to follow GASB statements issued after November 30, 1989, rather than statements issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), in accordance with GASB Statement No. 20. The Sewer and Water funds are the City's only enterprise funds. The City reports no nonmajor enterprise funds.

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one City department or agency to other City departments or agencies or to other governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis. These activities include, but are not limited to, fleet services. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated for government-wide reporting purposes. These funds are presented on a combined basis in the Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds in the Internal Service Funds column and in detail in the Combining Statements of Net Assets – Internal Service Funds. These funds include the equipment and insurance funds.

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governments. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The fiduciary funds of the City include the pension trust fund and retiree health care fund. These funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as governmental funds.

Agency funds account for net assets held on behalf of others, are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The agency funds of the city include the following: Current Year Tax Collection fund, accounting for tax funds collected and distributed; the Investment Interest Allocation fund, holding the accrued and liquid interest earnings on the pooled investments of the city; the Payroll fund, collecting and allocating insurance and other payroll-related costs; a general Trust and Agency fund, holding various deposits for bid, bail, and construction bonds; and the Historic Book fund, collecting and forwarding funds on behalf of the author of a book about Portage's past.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (a) Prior to April 15, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The proposed operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, and is adopted at the "activity" level with the exception of the capital improvement fund, which is adopted at the "project" level.
- (b) Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- (c) The budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance no later than the second Monday in June.

Annual budgets are legally adopted for the general fund, certain special revenue funds and debt service funds. Annual budgets are adopted for the enterprise funds, internal service fund, cemetery perpetual fund, and CDBG program income funds, although they are not legally required. Multi-year budgets are adopted for capital projects and grant funds, where appropriations remain authorized for the life of the project, irrespective of fiscal year. Expenditures are appropriated on a modified accrual basis, except that commitments related to purchase orders are treated as expenditures in the year of commitment.

Formal budgetary control is employed during the year at the fund and department level as a management control device for annually budgeted funds.

Budgets are modified throughout the year. The City Manager is authorized to transfer appropriation balances within a fund and department of the City. The City Council must approve amendments to the budget and transfers of appropriations from one fund to another, or that would cause a change in fund balance.

The original and final budgets for the General Fund are reported in the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual. Unencumbered appropriations for annual budgets lapse at fiscal year-end.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end in the General Fund. Appropriations which are encumbered at year-end are carried forward into the following year's appropriation, with the approval of City Council, to allow liquidation of the encumbrance.

E. Financial Statement Elements

Pooled Investments and Cash Deposit Balances - Cash balances of all City funds (except for certain funds having non-pooled investments) are pooled and invested. Investments purchased with pooled cash, consisting primarily of high-grade commercial paper and U.S. agency obligations, are stated at fair value. Interest earned on investments purchased with pooled cash is allocated monthly to each participating fund based upon the fund's average daily balance. Funds that incur a negative balance in pooled cash and investments are not allocated interest earnings nor charged interest expense.

Investments - Certain investments are required to be reported at fair value, based upon quoted market prices. Realized gains or losses resulting from the sale of investments are determined by the specific cost of the securities sold. The City carries all of its investments at fair value as of June 30, 2006.

Accounts Receivable - Balances of accounts receivable, reported on the government-wide statement of net assets, are aggregations of different components such as charges for services, fines, and balances due from taxpayers or other governments. In order to assist the reader, the following information has been provided regarding significant components of receivable balances as of June 30, 2006:

	Charges for Services	Special <u>Assessments</u>	Other Governments	Total
Governmental Activities	•			
General Fund Non-major government funds	\$ 1,436,966 -	\$ 3,561,569	\$ 1,100,130 122,719	\$ 6,098,665 122,719
Total	\$ 1,436,966	\$ 3,561,569	\$ 1,222,849	\$ 6,221,384

There is no provision for an allowance for doubtful accounts because Kalamazoo County guarantees payment of real property taxes, and the Ordinances of the City provide for the creation of durable tax liens for all taxes, assessments and charges putting the City in the position of eventual 100% collection.

Business-type activities are primarily comprised of charges for services.

Elimination of Internal Activities - The elimination of internal service fund activity is needed in order to eliminate duplicate activity in making the transition from fund level financial statements to the government-wide financial statements. In addition, the elimination of internal service fund activity requires the city to "look back" and adjust the internal service funds' internal charges. A positive change in net assets derived from internal service fund activity results in a pro rata reduction in the charges made to the participatory funds. A deficit change in net assets of internal service funds requires a pro rata increase in the amounts charged to the participatory funds.

Internal Balances - In the government-wide statement of net assets, internal balances are the receivables and payables between the governmental and business-type activities. There were no internal balances as of June 30, 2006.

Interfund Activities - In the government-wide statement of activities, the effect of interfund activity has generally been removed from the statements. Exceptions include the charge back of services, such as utilities or vehicle maintenance, and charges for central administrative costs. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues of the various functions reported. The City recovers indirect costs that are incurred through a plan of allocation utilizing actual costs. These amounts are eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities.

Interfund Receivables/Payables - During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivable and payable balances are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the fund-level statements when they are expected to be liquidated within one year. If receivable or payable balances are expected to be liquidated after one year, they are classified as "advances to other funds" or "advances from other funds." No interfund receivables existed as of June 30, 2006.

Inventories - Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in - first-out) or market. Inventories for all funds use the consumption method and expenditures are recorded when issued. The Equipment Fund holds the only inventory maintained by the City.

Prepaid expenses and other assets - The governmental activities statement of net assets includes prepaid expenses and other assets. Fund balance is reserved for prepaid expenses; fund balance is not reserved for other assets.

Restricted assets - Restricted assets are assets whose use is subject to constraints that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The balance of restricted asset accounts in the enterprise funds are as follows:

Business-Type Activities

			To	otal Restricted	
	Sewer	Water		Assets	
Revenue bond indentures	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$	200,000	

Capital assets - Capital assets, which include land, facilities and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns of the government-wide statement of net assets, and related depreciation is allocated to programs in the statement of activities. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Assets purchased or constructed are capitalized at historical cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of receipt or at historical cost if historical cost is available. Capital outlay (asset purchases that do not meet the definition of a capital asset) is recorded as an expenditure in the general fund and other governmental funds, and as an asset in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred, and improvements and betterments that extend the useful lives of capital assets are capitalized. The City has adopted and implemented GASB Statement No. 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries. No material impairments requiring disclosure or restatement of previously issued financial statements existed at the adoption date. No material impairments existed as of the statement date.

The City obtains public domain capital assets (infrastructure) through capital improvement project (CIP) construction, or through annexation or developer contribution. Infrastructure consists of certain improvements other than buildings, including streets and roads, bridges, pedestrian facilities, drainage systems and traffic signal systems.

Interest is not capitalized on governmental capital assets. For enterprise funds, interest paid on long-term debt in the enterprise funds is capitalized when it can be attributed to a specific project and when it materially exceeds the interest revenue generated by bond proceeds issued to fund the project.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives (in years):

, 5		Business-T	ype Activities
	Governmental		
Assets	Activities ⁽¹⁾	Sewer	Water
Buildings	40	40	40
Equipment	5	5	5
Vehicles	5	5	5
Improvements to grounds	20	20	20
Water and wastewater systems	-	100	100
Infrastructure			
Streets and roads	20	-	-
Retaining walls	30	-	-
Bridges	50	-	-
Drainage systems	50	-	-
Pedestrian facilities	20	-	-
Traffic signals	20	-	-
⁽¹⁾ Includes internal service funds			

Depreciation of assets is classified by functional components. The City considers land to be inexhaustible; and therefore, these assets are reported as non-depreciable. Unallocated depreciation reported in the government-wide statement of activities consists of depreciation of infrastructure assets of \$7,107,333.

In the government-wide and proprietary fund statements, the City recognizes a gain or loss on the disposal of assets when it retires or otherwise disposes of capital assets.

Deferred Charges or Credits - Deferred charges represent expenditure for expense prepayments that are distinguished from prepaid expenses on the basis of the time over which they will be recognized as period expenses. That is, they involve a longer period of time than prepaid expenses do. Deferred credits represent revenue received at fiscal year-end prior to the earning process being complete.

Short Term Debt – In February of 2005 (fiscal year 2004/2005), the city issued \$1,055,000 in bond anticipation notes to finance improvements at a busy intersection in the heart of the city. Due in February of 2008, the notes will be replaced by long term debt. These anticipation notes represent the only short term debt held by the city.

Balance at June 30, 2005: \$1,055,000 Increases/decreases: -0Balance at June 30, 2006: \$1,055,000

Long Term Debt - The debt service for general obligation bonds and other general obligation debt, including loans, issued to fund general government capital projects is paid from tax revenues, interfund transfers and intergovernmental revenues. Such general obligation debt is reported in the government-wide statements under governmental activities.

The debt service for general obligation bonds and other general obligation debt issued to fund proprietary fund capital projects is normally paid from the net revenues of the applicable proprietary fund, although such debt will be repaid from tax revenues if necessary. Such general obligation debt is shown as a specific liability of the applicable proprietary fund, which is appropriate under generally accepted accounting principals and in view of the expectation that the proprietary fund will provide resources to service the debt.

Revenue bonds that have been issued to finance capital projects of certain enterprise funds are to be repaid from net revenues of these funds. Such debt is recorded in the funds. Operating revenues and interest income that are used as security for revenue bonds are reported separately from other revenues.

The City defers and amortizes gains or losses realized by proprietary funds on refundings of debt and for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, and reports both the new debt liability and the related deferred amount on the funds' balance sheets. The City recognizes gains or losses on debt defeasance when funds from current operations are used.

Operating Revenues - Revenues are recorded net of allowances in the government-wide and proprietary fund-level statements. No allowances were necessary for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Interfund Revenues, Expenses and Transfers - Transactions between funds that would be treated as revenues, expenditures, or expenses if they involved organizations external to the governmental unit are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses in the funds involved, such as billing for utility services. Transactions between funds that constitute reimbursements for expenditures or expenses are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Transfers between funds are reported in the operations of governmental and proprietary funds.

Intergovernmental Revenue, Receivables and Liabilities - Intergovernmental revenues and related receivables arise primarily through funding received from federal grants and state grants. These revenues and receivables are earned through expenditure of money for grant purposes, or through consolidating settlements while acting as tax collection agency for other local government units. Intergovernmental liabilities arise primarily from funds held in an agency capacity for other local government units.

Federal and State Grants, Entitlements and Shared Revenues - Grants, entitlements, and shared revenues may be accounted for within any City fund. The purpose and requirements of each grant, entitlement, or shared revenue are analyzed to determine the appropriate fund statement and revenue category in which to report the related transactions. Grants, entitlements and shared revenues received for activities normally recorded in a particular fund may be accounted for in that fund, provided that applicable legal restrictions can be satisfied.

Revenues received for activities normally recorded in other governmental funds are accounted for within the nonmajor governmental fund groupings: federal grant funds, state grant funds, and other special revenue funds. Capital grants restricted for capital acquisition or construction, other than those associated with proprietary type funds, are accounted for in the applicable capital projects funds. Revenues received for operating activities of proprietary funds or revenues that may be used for either operations or capital expenditures at the discretion of the City are recognized in the applicable proprietary fund.

Restricted Resources - When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Reservations of Fund Equity - Reservation of fund balances of the governmental funds indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for appropriation for expenditure or is legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance are the representations of management for the utilization of resources in future periods. Reserves for police safety training are legally restricted to those purposes by the grantor.

Cash and Investments - For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the city considers cash and investments to consist of currency on hand, cash held by trustee, demand deposits with banks, invested funds, and all amounts included in pooled investments and cash accounts.

Pension Costs - It is the policy of the City to fund pension costs annually. Pension costs are composed of normal cost and, where applicable, amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liability and of unfunded prior service cost (see defined benefit pension plan information in Note 11, and defined contribution pension plan information in Note 12).

Risk Management - The City is exposed to employee-related risks for workers' compensation, as well as to various risks of loss related to torts, including medical malpractice; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters. The City continues to be self-insured for liabilities for workers' compensation claims with stop-loss provisions in place (Note 10.B.).

The City participates in a risk pool administered by the Michigan Municipal Risk Management Association for coverage to insure against property loss or damage, commercial crime, and fidelity bonds. The City complies with GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues* (See Note 10.B.).

F. Comparative Data

Governments are required to present comparative data only in connection with Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). They may also present comparative data on the government-wide statement of activities. Comparative data is presented as part of the MD&A.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Compensated Absences

City employees are granted compensated absences for vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service. It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused annual and sick leave benefits, which will be utilized in future periods or will be paid to employees upon separation from City service. The estimated long-term liability for vacation and sick pay which will be paid with future Governmental-type operating resources is recorded as general long term debt. The total estimated long-term cost of employees' accumulated vacation and sick leave was approximately \$1,911,958 at June 30, 2006.

I. Post-Retirement Benefits

In addition to the pension benefits described in Notes 11, 12, and 13 the City provides post-retirement health care benefits under the varying terms of a number of separate union contracts, and under the employee benefit program of the City as it has existed over the years when the entitlement occurred. Currently 15 retirees meet the applicable eligibility requirements, although an average of 18 were eligible during the fiscal year. Expenditures for post-retirement health care benefits are currently recognized on a pay-as-you-go basis as the premiums for coverage are paid. During the year ended June 30, 2006, expenditures of approximately \$117,000 were recognized for post-retirement health insurance premiums. Contractual payments were made directly to certain unions that negotiated to assume full responsibility for future health care benefit obligations of their members. Annual increases in premium rates for this benefit sector in the several plans the City is obligated to provide have ranged from 6% to 29% over the past several years. In anticipation of the adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007, the City has pre-funded actuarially determined estimates of future liabilities for retiree health care benefits.

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Schedules that show the adjustments required to take the figures in the government-wide statements to those in the governmental fund statement presentation immediately follow those statements.

3. POOLED INVESTMENTS AND CASH

The following summarizes the amounts of the pooled investments and cash by fund at June 30, 2006:

Pooled Investments and Cash				
	Unrestricted,	Restricted,	Other cash &	
	invested	invested	adjustments	<u>Total</u>
General fund	\$4,065,163	II.	\$ 4,529	\$4,069,692
Special assessments fund	4,418,861	ı	-	4,418,861
Capital improvement fund	3,268,734	-	25,414	3,294,148
Streets funds	443,590	-	-	443,590
Non-major governmental funds	3,183,233	-	400	3,183,633
Agency and trust funds	803,860	-	-	803,860
Internal service funds	1,200,747	-	-	1,200,747
Sewer fund	2,352,286	100,000	2,440	2,454,726
Water fund		100,000	3,817	103,817
Totals	<u>19,736,474</u>	200,000	<u>36,600</u>	<u>19,973,074</u>
Total invested cash (book value)		19,936,474		

Other cash includes retainage held in escrow and petty cash.

The Pension and Employee Benefit Trust Funds' investment in fixed income securities of \$3,390,348 and the Retiree Health Care funds investment of \$1,742,079 with the Municipal Employee's Retirement System of Michigan are excluded from the above as the result of not being pooled investments and cash. Component unit cash as of June 30, 2006, totaled \$18,325.

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a pool of cash and investments in which each fund participates on a dollar equivalent and daily transaction basis. Interest is distributed monthly based on average monthly balances. A "zero balance account" mechanism provides for overnight sweeps of deposits made to the City depository account, and the outstanding balance in the accounts payable checking account, resulting in an instantaneous transfer to the investment account. Thus, the majority of funds in the City's operating accounts are invested at all times.

A. Investments

The City's deposits and investments are invested pursuant to the City of Portage investment policy. The objective of the policy is, in order of priority, preservation of capital, liquidity and yield. The policy addresses the soundness of financial institutions in which the City will deposit funds, diversification of the portfolio composition, and the permitted types of investment instruments. The terms of policy are informed by the provisions of Chapter 129, Public Funds, of the Michigan Compiled Laws and permit investment in:

- 1. Certificates of deposit issued by banks located in Michigan;
- 2. U.S. Treasury and agency obligations;
- 3. Commercial paper at the two highest rating levels:
- 4. Domestic bankers acceptances
- 5. U.S. Treasury or agency backed repurchase agreements, and
- 6. PA 20 qualified local government investment trusts and mutual funds

Further, the City assumes that its callable investments will not be called, and that all investments will be held to maturity.

The City participates in a local government investment trust, CLASS, managed by MBIA, Municipal Investors Service Corporation. Overnight operating account balances are invested in the Comerica Bank "J" fund. The City owns 1:1 dollar interests in each fund. Both pools are composed of investment vehicles that are permissible under state of Michigan law for municipal government, and would qualify for direct investment by the City. The fair value of the City's position in these funds is equivalent to the carrying value, and, as such, is included in the cash and pooled funds category.

Pension trust fund investments, a fiduciary fund not included in the government-wide statements, must conform to the limits and standards set forth in Michigan Public Act 55 of the Public Acts of 1982, as amended, and Public Act 252 of 1988. Its' corpus is held by, and its' assets are managed by Principal Financial Group, Inc.

The component unit's funds are included in the City's pooled cash funds, and partake ratably in the City's investment portfolio.

As of June 30, 2006, the City had the following investments:

Investment Type	<u>Fair Value</u>	Effective Duration
Certificate of Deposit	\$ 3,070,977	0.042
U.S. Government Agencies	7,643,685	0.619
Commercial Paper	3,254,445	0.106
Investment Pools	1,295,665	0.000
Total Fair Value	<u>\$ 15,264,772</u>	
Portfolio weighted average maturity - 0.37	7 2	

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the city minimizes investment rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates. The investment portfolio is structured so that securities mature to meet known cash requirements for ongoing operations, and the maturity of investments is limited to less than six years.

Credit Risk. The investment policy limits investments in commercial paper to those rated in the two highest classifications by nationally recognized statistical ratings organizations. As of June 30, 2006, investments in commercial paper were rated A1 by Standard and Poor's, F-1 by Fitch Ratings, and P-1 by Moodys Investors Service. As of June 30, 2006, the investments in the MBIA CLASS and the Comerica Bank "J" Fund investment pools were not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City minimizes the concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investment in a single issuer. The investment policy requires diversification of the portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. The investment policy criteria relating to the various forms of credit risk are as follows:

Investment type	Type, % of Portfolio Limit	Issuer/Broker, % of Portfolio Limit
Certificate of Deposit	may not exceed 60%	may not exceed 40%
U.S. Treasury and Agency	no limit	may not exceed 40% with one broker
Commercial Paper	may not exceed 70%	may not exceed 15%
Bankers Acceptances	no limit	may not exceed 40% with one bank
Repurchase Agreements	may not exceed 10%	may not exceed 40% with one bank
Mutual Fund/Local Govt Investment Pools	may not exceed 80%	may not exceed 40%

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. It is the policy of the City to minimize custodial credit risk for both investments and cash deposits. The City has a zero custodial credit risk exposure as of June 30, 2006, because all securities are registered, and are held by brokerage firms that are also the counterparty for these investments. Cash deposits are maintained at less than the FDIC insurance limits, and therefore have zero custodial credit risk as well.

Foreign Currency Risk. The City is not authorized to participate in investments that have this type of risk.

B. Deposits

Primary Government

At year end, the uninvested carrying amount of the City deposits was \$50,000, the total book balance in the operating and overnight governmental cash investment fund was \$1,238,503 and the bank account balance was \$2,530,337. Compensating balances of \$25,000 are held in the depository account and the accounts payable checking account, making the overnight sum held by the bank \$50,000. The \$50,000 is within the \$150,000 coverage limit for FDIC insurance. The overnight sweep is invested in a governmental cash investment fund that meets the criteria for local government investment pools outlined in Public Act 367. Funds deposited in

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accordance with the requirements of Public Act 367 of 1982 are considered fully secured. No collateralization is required of the banking institution.

Component Units

The carrying value of deposits for the Economic Development Corporation was \$18,325. The Tax Increment Financing Authority is presently inactive, and has a zero deposit balance.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2006, none of the City's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk because the level of cash deposits are fully covered by FDIC insurance.

5. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of August 1, and are due on September 14 of each year. Real property taxes remaining unpaid on the following March 1 are turned over to the County Treasurer for collection and the City is paid in full for the taxes by the County. Therefore, amounts recorded as delinquent tax payments receivable represent only unpaid personal property taxes.

The City bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for the state education fund, district library, Kalamazoo county, community college, regional programs, and the school districts contained within the City corporate limits. Collection and remittance of the state education fund, district library, Kalamazoo county, community college, regional programs, and the school districts taxes are accounted for in the current year tax collection and in the trust and agency Funds. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

D

Primary Government

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:	_	_		
Capital assets, not being depreciated	d			
Land	\$ 7,605,594	\$ 359,305	\$ -	\$ 7,964,899
Rights-of-way	4,379,048	38,145		4,417,193
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	11,984,642	397,450		12,382,092
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Land improvements	6,304,339	114,459	-	6,448,798
Buildings	13,334,722	32,525	-	13,367,247
Machinery and equipment	5,890,943	160,949	-	6,051,892
Vehicles	7,727,580	279,296	(100,622)	7,906,254
Infrastructure	173,775,246	5,270,906		179,046,152
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	207,032,830	5,888,135	(100,622)	212,820,343
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	(2,683,757)	(270,464)	-	(2,954,221)
Buildings	(3,875,256)	(346,599)	-	(4,221,855)
Machinery and equipment	(4,689,654)	(452,315)	-	(5,141,969)
Vehicles	(4,893,511)	(870,082)	77,593	(5,686,000)
Infrastructure	(98,797,773)	(7,107,332)		(105,905,105)
Total accumulated depreciation	(114,939,951)	(9,046,792)	77,593	(123,909,150)
Total capital assets, being	_			
depreciated, net	92,092,879	(3,158,657)	(23,029)	88,911,193
Governmental activities capital		<u> </u>	· · ·	
assets, net	\$104,077,521	\$ (2,761,207)	\$ (23,029)	\$ 101,293,285

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciate	d			
Land	\$ 217,945	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 217,945
Total capital assets, not being				_
depreciated	217,945	-	-	217,945
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Land Improvements	90,517	-	-	90,517
Buildings	1,089,501	-	-	1,089,501
Machinery and equipment	1,158,738	5,599	(2,260)	1,162,077
Water and sewer system	115,849,862	675,785	-	116,525,647
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	118,188,618	681,384	(2,260)	118,867,742
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(39,191)	(6,925)	-	(46,116)
Buildings	(590,445)	(34,909)	-	(625,354)
Machinery and equipment	(900,040)	(58,964)	2,260	(956,744)
Water and sewer system	(23,887,938)	(1,305,781)	-	(25,193,719)
Total accumulated depreciation	(25,417,614)	(1,406,579)	2,260	(26,821,933)
Total capital assets, being	,			
depreciated, net	92,771,004	(725,195)	-	92,045,809
Business-type activities capital		· · · /		
assets, net	\$ 92,988,949	\$ (725,195)	\$ -	\$ 92,263,754

Depreciation expense was charged to functions / programs of the primary government as follows:

Government	tal activities:
0	

General government	\$ 552,250
Public safety	910,040
Streets and highways	62,255
Health & welfare	18,511
Parks/facility mgmt.	396,403
Unallocated depreciation	 7,107,333
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 9,046,792
Business-type activities:	
Sewer	\$ 749,335
Water	657,245
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 1,406,580
The component unit has no capital assets.	

7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2006 totaled \$0.00.

Transfers between funds for the year ended June 30, 2006, were as follows:

Transfers In:

Transfers Out:	General	Major	Local	Non-major	Capital	Sewer	Water	Cemetery	Total
	Fund	Streets	Streets	Govťl	Improvement	Operating	Operating	Fund	
General Fund	-	-	-	302,306	-	-	-	9,000	311,306
Major Streets	118,500	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	118,500
Local Streets	299,000	246,400	-	_	-	-	-	-	545,400
Capital									
Improvement	-	700,000	-	-	-	55,000	7,000	-	762,000
Nonmajor						-	-		
Governmental		-	-	-	3,956,500			-	3,956,500
Sewer Operating	-	19,500	19,500	-	-	-	-	-	39,000
Total	417,500	965,900	19,500	302,306	3,956,500	55,000	7,000	9,000	5,732,706

Interfund transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due, 2) move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds, 3) transfer bond proceeds from the issuing fund to internal service funds to fund asset purchases, 4) provide remuneration to funds providing common services.

8. DEBT AND NON-DEBT LIABILITIES

<u>Debt Issues:</u> Long Term General Obligation bonds were issued as Series 2005A in the amount of \$7,300,000 to finance Capital Improvement projects. Local Development Finance Authority bonds in the amount of \$3,120,000 were issued for water and sewer lines, and road widening in the LDFA district. Special Assessment bonds were issued in the amount of \$280,000.

General Obligation bonds

<u>Purpose</u>	Interest rates	<u>Am</u>	<u>iount</u>
Governmental activities	1.50%-6.75%	\$	2,542,587
Business-type activities	1.50%-6.75%		3,742,413
		\$	6,285,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds:

Year ending	•	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			vities	
<u>June 30,</u>	_		<u>Principal</u>	Interest		<u>Principal</u>		Interest
2007		\$	380,318	\$ 94,757	\$	464,682	\$	163,453
2008			302,728	81,488		462,272		142,945
2009			303,054	69,568		426,946		122,905
2010			256,841	58,635		373,159		104,894
2011			222,984	49,653		317,016		89,361
2012-2016			535,704	151,924		1,254,296		259,050
2017-2021			399,398	58,882		405,602		71,023
2022-2026			141,560	4,565		38,440		4,020
	Totals		2.542.587	569.472		3.742.413		957.651

Capital Improvement Project bonds

<u>Purpose</u>	Interest rates	<u>Amount</u>
Governmental activities	2.00%-4.60%	\$ 22,418,261
Business-type activities	2.00%-4.60%	9,931,739
		\$ 32,350,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Capital Improvement Project bonds:

Year ending		Governmental	Activities	Business-type Activities			
<u>June 30,</u>		<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		
2007		\$ 1,253,888	\$ 832,305	\$ 636,112	\$ 371,136		
2008		1,522,225	772,788	767,775	342,408		
2009		1.122,225	725,885	762,775	317,301		
2010		1,515,479	676,490	754,521	292,025		
2011		1,516,013	626,270	748,987	266,591		
2012-2016		7,286,489	2,346,038	3,598,511	922,879		
2017-2021		4,423,282	1,165,158	2,026,718	318,748		
2022-2026		3,132,445	384,028	557,555	83,604		
2027-2031		246,215	5,403	78,785	1,910		
	Totals	22,418,261	7.534.365	9.931.739	2,916,602		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

Building Authority bonds

Purpose Interest rates Governmental activities 3.65%-5.60% \$ 13,380,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Building Authority bonds:

Year ending		Governmental Activities						
<u>June 30,</u>			<u>Principal</u>		Interest			
2007		\$	770,000	\$	644,513			
2008			810,000		608,092			
2009			860,000		568,563			
2010			910,000		526,016			
2011			915,000		481,434			
2012-2016			5,145,000		1,662,844			
2017-2021			3,300,000		540,665			
2022-2026			670,000		30,437			
	Totals		13,380,000		5,062,564			

Downtown Development Authority bonds

PurposeInterest ratesAmountGovernmental activities3.00%-5.25%\$ 5,805,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Downtown Development Authority bonds:

Year ending	_	Governmental Activities					
June 30,	_		<u>Principal</u>		Interest		
2007		\$	100,000	\$	266,727		
2008			120,000		262,767		
2009			125,000		258,286		
2010			140,000		253,371		
2011			160,000		247,639		
2012-2016			1,205,000	•	1,108,474		
2017-2021			2,250,000		725,574		
2022-2026			1,455,000		239,394		
2027-2031	_		250,000		13,125		
	Totals		5,805,000	- (3,375,357		

Local Development Finance Authority bonds

<u>Purpose</u> <u>Interest rates</u> <u>Amount</u> Governmental activities 6.10%-6.35% \$ 6,270,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Local Development Finance Authority bonds:

Year ending		Governmental Activities					
<u>June 30,</u>		<u>Principal</u>	Interest				
2007		-	345,132				
2008		140,000	333,688				
2009		140,000	326,998				
2010		140,000	320,308				
2011		140,000	313,618				
2012-2016		1,065,000	1,444,953				
2017-2021		1,600,000	1,130,263				
2022-2026		2,020,000	643,200				
2027-2031	_	1,025,000	138,250				
	Totals	6,270,000	4,996,410				

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

Motor Vehicle Highway bonds

Purpose Interest rates Amount
Governmental activities 3.50%-5.80% \$ 12,780,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Motor Vehicle Highway bonds:

Year ending	-	Governmental Activities					
June 30,	_		Principal		Interest		
2007		\$	855,000	\$	605,965		
2008			835,000		568,625		
2009			865,000		530,503		
2010			845,000		491,456		
2011			885,000		451,169		
2012-2016			4,470,000	•	1,586,146		
2017-2021		;	3,800,000		461,022		
2022-2026			225,000		5,400		
	Totals	1:	2,780,000		4,700,286		

Special Assessment debt with government commitment

PurposeInterest ratesAmountWater main, sewer main, road improvements1.50%-7.20%\$ 7,415,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for special assessment bonds:

Year ending	-	Governmental Activities				
<u>June 30,</u>			Principal		Interest	
2007		\$	920,000	\$	297,259	
2008			890,000		261,133	
2009			785,000		227,649	
2010			765,000		196,074	
2011			675,000		166,206	
2012-2016			2,225,000		478,454	
2017-2021			910,000		155,137	
2022-2026			245,000		14,264	
	Totals		7,415,000	•	1,796,176	

Revenue bonds

PurposeInterest ratesAmountWater main and sewer main construction2.00%-7.00%\$15,600,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds:

Year ending		Business-type Activities					
<u>June 30,</u>			Principal		Interest		
2007		\$	630,000	\$	629,878		
2008			650,000		607,953		
2009			670,000		584,770		
2010			740,000		559,544		
2011			810,000		531,000		
2012-2016			3,410,000		2,245,394		
2017-2021			4,375,000		1,470,056		
2022-2026			4,315,000		414,800		
	Totals	1	5,600,000		7,043,395		

Changes in long-term liabilities						
Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:						
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within	
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year	
Governmental activities						
Bonds payable:						
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,912,735	\$ -	\$ (370,147)	\$ 2,542,588	\$ 380,318	
Special Assessment debt						
With government						
Commitment	8,054,000	280,000	(919,000)	7,415,000	920,000	
Building Authority bonds	14,075,000	-	(695,000)	13,380,000	770,000	
Motor Vehicle Highway bonds	13,530,000	-	(750,000)	12,780,000	855,000	
Downtown Development						
Authority bonds	5,840,000	-	(35,000)	5,805,000	100,000	
Local Development Finance						
Authority bonds	3,150,000	3,120,000	-	6,270,000	-	
CIP Bonds	17,642,900	5,530,363	(755,000)	22,418,263	1,253,888	
Total bonds payable	65,204,635	8,930,363	(3,524,147)	70,610,851	4,279,206	
Compensated absences	1,736,447	1,000,225	(897,578)	1,839,094	897,578	
Retiree health care and pension	1,111,050	, , , , <u>-</u>	(4,193)	1,106,857	-	
Governmental activity						
Long term liabilities	\$ 68,052,132	\$ 9,930,588	\$ (4,425,918)	\$ 73,556,802	\$ 5,176,784	
Long tom nasminos	Ψ 00,002,102	Ψ 0,000,000	Ψ (1,120,010)	Ψ 10,000,002	Ψ 0,110,101	
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within	
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year	
Business-type activities	Balarioo	7 taaitionio	rtoadotiono	Balarioo	One rear	
Bonds payable:						
General obligation bonds	\$ 4,202,265	\$ -	\$ (459,850)	\$ 3,742,415	\$ 464,682	
CIP Utility Refunding bonds	8,732,100	1,769,637	(570,000)	9,931,737	636,112	
Utility revenue bonds	16,155,000	-	(555,000)	15,600,000	630,000	
Total bonds payable	29,089,365	1,769,637	(1,584,850)	29,274,152	1,730,794	
Compensated absences	69,693	31,208	(28,037)	72,864	28,037	
Business-type activity	00,000	01,200	(20,001)	7 2,004		
Long term liabilities	\$ 29,159,058	\$ 1,800,845	\$ (1,612,887)	\$ 29,347,016	\$ 1,758,831	
Long term habilities	Ψ 23,133,030	Ψ 1,000,043	Ψ (1,012,007)	Ψ 23,341,010	Ψ 1,130,031	

The liabilities for compensated absences and net pension obligation have been liquidated out of current operations as claims arose, the cost of which is allocated among the different funds based on direct payroll allocation. The General Fund carries the largest payroll burden, and, therefore, satisfies the majority of the liability liquidation cost.

9. LITIGATION

As with any municipality, claims may from time to time be asserted which allege liability on the part of the City connected with a number of different matters involving general liability. The City is involved in a number of legal proceedings; while any litigation or investigation has an element of uncertainty, the City believes the uninsured portion of any lawsuit, or claim which is pending or threatened, or all of them combined, will not have a materially adverse effect on its financial condition or operations.

On May 6, 1998, the city reached a settlement agreement with the City of Kalamazoo for litigation begun in 1995. The litigation alleged overcharging by the City of Kalamazoo for wastewater rates over an extended period of time. The settlement agreement called for a credit of \$1,000,000 to the City of Portage that will be recognized over a 20-year period. The City of Kalamazoo has accounted for this credit as a contribution in aid of construction (of the wastewater system) on behalf of the City of Portage. The City of Portage recorded the credit as a reduction of expenses in the Sewer Fund for the appropriate amount annually over the life of the settlement period. The settlement agreement was adopted by the appropriate judicial agencies.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Capital Improvement Plan

The City has a ten year *Capital Improvement Program* (CIP capital budget) that is an anticipated spending plan for the projects in the upcoming and future years. The City's 2005/2006 Capital Budget included new appropriations of \$13,097,000, including \$2,565,000 for the City's enterprise funds and \$10,532,000 for general government projects. The City has substantial contractual commitments relating to its capital improvement program, as follows:

CIP project:	Spent to date	Remaining
		<u>commitment</u>
Water system expansion (Enterprise fund)	\$ 1,126,944	\$4,363,699
Sewer main additions (Enterprise fund)	306,331	1,158,861
Street additions and improvements	3,819,050	5,754,049
Sidewalk and bikeway improvements	513,924	844,657
Public safety improvements - Police	170,176	287,548
Public safety improvements – Fire	21,233	125,072
Parks improvements	182,116	0
Public facility improvements	<u>428,209</u>	<u>0</u>
	\$6,576,983	\$12,533,886

B. Risk-Related Contingencies

The City uses internal service funds to account for risks related to health benefits, third-party liability, and workers' compensation. The funds are as follows:

Fund Name Liability Reserve	Description This reserve is held by Michigan Municipal Risk Management Association under the terms of their coverage for losses and claims related to liability for bodily injury, property damage, professional liability and certain employment liability. Excludes losses and claims related to health benefits or workers' compensation. After deductibles, experience rates dictate the reserve funding balance.
Workers' Compensation	Self-Insured. Costs are charged to other City funds each year based on historical cost. Stop-loss protection for individual incident claims paid in excess of \$350,000 is provided by Employers Reinsurance Corporation.

The City purchases coverage for loss or damage to real property, theft and other criminal acts, and third-party liability associated with utility operations through participation in a municipal risk pool, MMRMA. The MMRMA stop loss program consists of an annually established dollar level of reserve out of which claims are paid. When payments exceed the reserve, MMRMA satisfies the claims. The level of stop loss reserve held by MMRMA as of June 30, 2006, was \$70,160. Lingering effects of the events of September 11, 2001, combined with the impact of natural disasters at home and abroad have caused insurance costs across the board to rise, and so increases have been necessary in deductibles and self-insured retention amounts. The amount of insurance settlement has not exceeded insurance coverage in this fiscal year, nor in the preceding three fiscal years.

Contingency liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

11. PENSION PLANS

The City continues to fund annuity contracts under a defined benefit pension plan covering certain employees of the City of Portage. These contracts cover certain full-time employees who were first hired prior to the years 1985 through 1989 (depending on their various employee groups), and who individually elected to remain participants in the defined benefit plan upon the City's adoption of defined contribution plans. (See Note 12.) The plan has 4 active participants. The plan is active only with regard to the 4 active participants, participants

who are no longer employed but who have not yet achieved the right to receive benefits under the plan, and the retirees currently receiving benefit under the plan. The annuity contracts are administered by the Principal Financial Group, and are held and invested separately from all other City funds. The plan is a single-employer plan.

Plan Description. The plan is a single-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan established and administered by the City of Portage. The plan covers certain department heads and non-union employees who opted not to join a defined contribution plan, plus radio operators. Participants include several terminated vested persons from other employee groups. The Plan provides retirement and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions rests with the City Council, under City Charter Section 6.17. The plan is considered part of the City of Portage's financial reporting entity, and is disclosed as a pension trust fiduciary fund in the City's financial reports. A financial statement may be obtained by writing to City of Portage, Finance Department, 7900 South Westnedge Avenue, Portage, Michigan 49002 or by calling (269) 329 - 4456.

Funding Policy. There are no required contributions by plan members. The plan has 4 active participants grandfathered in this defined benefit plan at the time that the City adopted the Defined Contribution plan. The contribution requirements of plan members and the employer were established by City Council and may be amended by City Council. Recommended contributions are actuarially determined. Administrative costs are funded through investment earnings.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation.

	June 30, 2006
Annual recommended contribution	\$ -0-
Interest on net pension obligation	-0-
Annual pension cost	-0-
Contribution made	-0-
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	-0-
Net pension obligation, beginning of year	-0-
Net pension obligation, end of year	-0-

The annual required contribution was determined as part of the July 1, 2006, actuarial valuation using the entry age, normal cost method with normal cost calculated on an aggregate basis. The actuarial assumptions include (a) an 8% investment rate of return, and (b) projected salary increases of 4% per year, compounded annually, attributable to inflation. The aggregate actuarial cost method is used. This method does not identify or separately amortize unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess). The effect of this actuarial technique is to smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value over a four-year period.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The defined benefit plan is maintained as a pension trust fiduciary fund and is included as part of the City's reporting entity. The financial statements of the fund are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Recommended contribution amounts to satisfy unfunded accrued pension liability are based on a 30-year amortization period. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

Method Used to Value Investments. Plan investments are reported at fair value. Investment value is determined according to the contract lump sum transfer provision ignoring any contract restrictions on such transfer. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national, or international, exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest, and are discounted at the prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent appraisals. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Trend Information				
Fiscal Year	Annual Pension	Percentage of	Net Pension Obligation	
<u>Ending</u>	Cost (APC)	APC Contributed		
06/30/02	\$ 56,281	100%	\$	0
06/30/03	\$ 75,228	100%	\$	0
06/30/04	\$ 0	100%	\$	0
06/30/05	\$ 0	100%	\$	0
06/30/06	\$ 0	100%	\$	0

12. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS

The City has established a number of defined contribution plans that supersede the defined benefit plan. Employees at the time had the choice of transferring to the defined contribution plans. Each employee group has its own separate plan. The non-union and department head plans are administered by the City through trust agreements with the International City/County Management Association Retirement Corporation (ICMARC). The union plans are administered by the respective unions through trust agreements with PPS&V Asset Management Consultants, Inc. Selected employees in the Police Command and Street Foreman union groups are allowed to self-direct their investments. However, this does not change the responsibilities of the plan administrator. Financial statements for each plan can be obtained from the Finance Director, City of Portage, 7900 South Westnedge Avenue, Portage, Michigan 49002.

Plan Description. The plans cover all full-time employees, except those still enrolled in the defined benefit plan. Plan members are not required to contribute. Plan provision and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Council, under City Charter Section 6.17. The City is required to contribute either specific dollar amounts or specific percentages of full-time salary costs, depending on the employee group. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the City contributed \$1,767,339 to the various plans, representing an aggregate of approximately 13.40 percent of covered payroll. No contributions were made to the plans by their participants.

13. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City provides an approved deferred compensation plan, under Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, which is administered by the ICMA Retirement Corporation. All City employees are eligible to participate. The Internal Revenue Code requires that the plan assets and income attributed to those assets be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and/or beneficiaries. All amounts of employees' compensation deferred under the plan are deposited with the plan trustee, ICMA Retirement Corporation, for management and investment. The plan trustee holds all assets of the plan, maintains accounting of each plan participant's accumulated assets and makes distributions to participants in accordance with the plan document.

14. EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

No fund departments spent in excess of appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

Schedule of Funding Progress

The amount shown below as actuarial accrued liability is computed using the Projected Unit Credit method of funding. The three most recent years of funding progress are as follows:

Actuarial		Actuarial		Excess of		Excess as a
Valuation	Actuarial	Accrued	Funded	Assets	Annual	Percentage of
Date	Value of	Liability (AAL)	Ratio	Over AAL (d)	Covered	Covered Payroll
July 1,	Assets (a)	Entry Age (b)	<u>(a) / (b)</u>	<u>(a) – (b)</u>	Payroll (e)	(d) / (e)
2003	3,925,409	2,718,838	144.38%	1,206,571	174,809	690.22%
2004	3,649,167	2,703,628	134.97%	945,539	172,062	549.53%
2005	3,766,632	2,679,407	140.58%	1,087,225	175,443	619.70%

Analysis of dollar amounts of plan net assets, actuarial accrued liability, and unfunded actuarial accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing plan net assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability provides one indication of a plan's funding status on a going concern basis. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the plan is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the plan. Trends in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation.

Expressing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of annual covered payroll approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation ands aids analysis of the plan's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2006

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Cemetery Permanent	C.D.B.G. Program Income	
	Funds	Funds	Fund	Fund	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$537,490	\$1,914,440	\$ 724,240	\$ 7,463	\$3,183,633
Accounts receivable	170,785	80,226	. , , <u>-</u>	1,116,513	1,367,524
Due from other governments	62,692	, -	-	-	62,692
Prepaid costs	7,999	130,678	-	-	138,677
Total assets	778,966	2,125,344	724,240	1,123,976	4,752,526
70101 000010					.,. 02,020
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	36,761	-	-	803	37,564
Checks issued against	•				,
future deposits	56,767	99,691	-	_	156,458
Accrued compensation	12,841	, -	-	-	12,841
Interest payable	-	30,973	-	-	30,973
Deferred revenue	27,492	-	-	1,116,514	1,144,006
Deposits payable	25,000	-	-	-	25,000
Total liabilities	158,861	130,664	-	1,117,317	1,406,842
FUND BALANCES					
Reserved for encumbrances	63,804	-	-	-	63,804
Reserved for prepaid costs	7,999	-	-	-	7,999
Reserved for uncompleted					
projects	147,135	-	-	-	147,135
Reserved for debt service	-	1,994,680	-	-	1,994,680
Reserved for perpetual care	-	-	724,240	-	724,240
Reserved for loans	-	-	-	6,659	6,659
Unreserved and undesignated	401,167				401,167
Total fund balances	620,105	1,994,680	724,240	6,659	3,345,684
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$778,966	\$ 2,125,344	\$ 724,240	\$ 1,123,976	\$ 4,752,526
Total habilities and fund balances	ψ110,300	Ψ Ζ, Ι Ζ Ο, Ο + 4	Ψ 127,270	ψ 1,123,370	ψ 4,7 32,320

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Cemetery Permanent Fund	C.D.B.G. Program Income Fund	Total
REVENUES					
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 1,270,687	\$ 436,129	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,706,816
Licenses and permits	533,320	-	-	-	533,320
Intergovernmental	231,115	-	-	-	231,115
Charges for services	37,773	-	33,625	-	71,398
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and rents	34,408	260,788	26,104	-	321,300
Other	108,326	- 000 047		118,873	227,199
Total revenues	2,215,629	696,917	59,729	118,873	3,091,148
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General government	54,924	_	_	-	54,924
Public safety	64,212	_	_	_	64,212
Health and welfare	1,296,611	_	_	118,874	1,415,485
Recreation and cultural	505,263	-	_	-	505,263
Refund of tax revenues	-	10,282	-	-	10,282
Economic development	-	1,951,954	-	-	1,951,954
Debt service:		, ,			, ,
Principal	-	2,303,969	-	-	2,303,969
Interest and fiscal charges	-	2,467,415	-	-	2,467,415
Total expenditures	1,921,010	6,733,620	-	118,874	8,773,504
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(6.026.702)	E0 720	(4)	(F COO OEC)
over expenditures	294,619	(6,036,703)	59,729	(1)	(5,682,356)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (L	JSES)				
Issuance of debt obligations	-	3,120,000	-	-	3,120,000
Transfers in	-	3,975,698	-	-	3,975,698
Transfers out	(321,504)	-	(9,000)	-	(330,504)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	(321,504)	7,095,698	(9,000)		6,765,194
Net change in fund balances	(26,885)	1,058,995	50,729	(1)	1,082,838
Fund balances - beginning	646,990	935,685	673,511	6,660	2,262,846
Fund balances - ending	\$ 620,105	\$ 1,994,680	\$ 724,240	\$ 6,659	\$ 3,345,684

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2006

			Cultural ctivities Fund	Τe	Cable elevision Fund	Dev	ommunity velopment ock Grant Fund	Ма	est Lake nagement Program	Curbside Recycling Fund		af Pickup ring Clean Fund		Total
	ASSETS	Φ.	0.050	Φ	455.040	Φ		Ф	4.40.507	Φ 4 0 7 0 0 4	Φ	07.000	Φ	F07 400
	Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	9,650		155,849	\$	-	\$	146,527	\$197,661	\$	27,803	\$	537,490 170,785
	Due from other governments		10,755		137,666		- 61,956		22,364 736	-		-		62,692
	Prepaid costs		3,786		_		01,930		730	1,908		2,305		7,999
	Total assets		24,191		293,515		61,956		169,627	199,569		30,108		778,966
		_	21,101		200,010		01,000		100,021	100,000	===	00,100	_	110,000
	LIABILITIES Accounts payable Checks issued against		-		-		-		-	36,761		-		36,761
	future deposits		-		-		56,767		-	-		-		56,767
72	Accrued compensation		4,193		2,685		5,189		-	120		654		12,841
	Deferred revenue		5,000		· -		· -		22,492	-		-		27,492
	Deposits payable		-		25,000		-		-	-		-		25,000
	Total liabilities		9,193	_	27,685		61,956		22,492	36,881		654		158,861
	FUND BALANCES Reserved:													
	Reserved for encumbrances		240		36,847		-		-	23,493		3,224		63,804
	Reserved for prepaid costs		3,786		-		-		-	1,908		2,305		7,999
	Reserved for lakes maintenance		-		-		-		147,135	-		-		147,135
	Unreserved:													
	Undesignated		10,972		228,983		-		-	137,287		23,925		401,167
	Total fund balances		14,998		265,830		-		147,135	162,688		29,454		620,105
	Total liabilities and													
	fund balances	\$	24,191	\$	293,515	\$	61,956	\$	169,627	\$199,569	\$	30,108	\$	778,966

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Cultural Activities Fund	Cable Television Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	West Lake Management Fund	Curbside Recycling Fund	Leaf Pickup Spring Clean Fund	Total
REVENUES:							
Taxes and special assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,386	\$ 540,052	\$ 702,249	\$ 1,270,687
Licenses and permits	-	533,320	-	-	-	-	533,320
Intergovernmental		-	231,115	-	-	-	231,115
Charges for services	37,773	-	-	-	- 	<u>-</u>	37,773
Interest on investments	53	2,397	-	5,364	13,645	12,949	34,408
Other	99,857					8,469	108,326
Total revenues	137,683	535,717	231,115	33,750	553,697	723,667	2,215,629
EXPENDITURES:							
ວ່ General government	_	-	54,924	-	-	_	54,924
Public safety	_	_	64,212	-	-	_	64,212
Health and welfare	-	-	111,979	-	583,829	600,803	1,296,611
Recreation and cultural	127,497	375,966	, -	1,800	, -	, -	505,263
Total expenditures	127,497	375,966	231,115	1,800	583,829	600,803	1,921,010
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	10,186	159,751		31,950	(30,132)	122,864	294,619
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out Total other financing sources		(115,000)				(206,504)	(321,504)
and (uses)		(115,000)				(206,504)	(321,504)
Net change in fund balances	10,186	44,751	-	31,950	(30,132)	(83,640)	(26,885)
Fund balances - beginning	4,812	221,079		115,185	192,820	113,094	646,990
Fund balances - ending	\$ 14,998	\$ 265,830	\$ -	\$ 147,135	\$ 162,688	\$ 29,454	\$ 620,105

Cultural Activities Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

				2006			
	Amended Budget		Actual		Variance with Amended Budget + / (-)		2005 Actual
REVENUES	<u> </u>						
Charges for services	\$	46,930	\$	37,773	\$	(9,157)	\$ 39,303
Interest on investments		600		53		(547)	-
Other		95,000		99,857		4,857	 107,919
Total revenues		142,530		137,683		(4,847)	 147,222
EXPENDITURES							
Cultural Activities		142,494		127,497		14,997	143,654
Total expenditures		142,494		127,497		14,997	143,654
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		36		10,186		10,150	3,568
Fund balance - beginning		4,812		4,812			 1,244
Fund balance - ending	\$	4,848	\$	14,998	\$	10,150	\$ 4,812

CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

Cable Television Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	mended Budget	Actual	riance with nded Budget + / (-)	2005 Actual
REVENUE:				
Licenses and permits:				
Annual fees	\$ 526,000	\$ 533,320	\$ 7,320	\$ 503,063
Interest on investments	 1,500	 2,397	 897	 2,472
Total revenues	 527,500	 535,717	 8,217	 505,535
EXPENDITURES: Recreation and cultural:				
Operations	503,684	375,966	127,718	405,518
Total expenditures	503,684	375,966	127,718	405,518
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	23,816	159,751	135,935	100,017
OTHER FINANCING USES: Transfers:				
General Fund	(115,000)	(115,000)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (115,000)	 (115,000)	 -	
Net change in fund balance	(91,184)	44,751	135,935	100,017
Fund balance - beginning	 221,079	 221,079	 	 121,062
Fund balance - ending	\$ 129,895	\$ 265,830	\$ 135,935	\$ 221,079

Community Development Block Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

			2006			
	Α	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget + / (-)		2005 Actual
REVENUE:					` '	
Intergovernmental:						
Federal grants	\$	248,069	\$ 231,115	\$	(16,954)	\$ 423,641
Total revenues		248,069	231,115		(16,954)	423,641
EXPENDITURES:						
General government:						
Administration		58,264	54,924		3,340	55,167
Public safety:						
Code enforcement		68,410	64,212		4,198	65,987
Health and welfare:						
Housing rehabilitation		84,885	74,769		10,116	265,487
Portage Community Outreach Center		37,210	 37,210		_	37,000
Total expenditures		248,769	231,115		17,654	423,641
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(700)	-		(700)	-
Fund balance - beginning		_	 		_	
Fund balance - ending	\$	(700)	\$ 	\$	(700)	\$

CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

West Lake Management Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

			2006			
REVENUE:	 mended Budget	Actual		Variance with Amended Budget + / (-)		2005 Actual
Taxes and special assessments Interest on investments Total revenues	\$ 6,076 1,500 7,576	\$	28,386 5,364 33,750	\$	22,310 3,864 26,174	\$ 51 2,954 3,005
EXPENDITURES: Recreation and Cultural: Weed control Total expenditures	42,850 42,850		1,800 1,800		41,050 41,050	26,164 26,164
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(35,274)		31,950		67,224	(23,159)
Net change in fund balance	(35,274)		31,950		67,224	(23,159)
Fund balance - beginning	 115,185		115,185			 138,344
Fund balance - ending	\$ 79,911	\$	147,135	\$	67,224	\$ 115,185

Curbside Recycling Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

		2006			
	mended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget + / (-)		2005 Actual
REVENUE:					
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 567,400	\$ 540,052	\$	(27,348)	\$ 562,808
Interest on investments	 4,000	 13,645		9,645	 7,311
Total revenues	 571,400	 553,697		(17,703)	 570,119
EXPENDITURES: Health and welfare: Operations Total expenditures	713,370 713,370	583,829 583,829		129,541 129,541	560,825 560,825
, etal experiance	 	 300,020			 000,020
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(141,970)	(30,132)		111,838	9,294
Net change in fund balance	(141,970)	(30,132)		111,838	9,294
Fund balance - beginning	 192,820	 192,820			 183,526
Fund balance - ending	\$ 50,850	\$ 162,688	\$	111,838	\$ 192,820

CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

Leaf Pickup / Spring Cleanup Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

		2006			
	mended Budget	Actual		riance with nded Budget + / (-)	2005 Actual
REVENUE:	 		_		
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 739,400	\$ 702,249	\$	(37,151)	\$ 619,484
Interest on investments	4,000	12,949		8,949	7,099
Other revenue	 15,000	 8,469		(6,531)	 9,243
Total revenues	758,400	 723,667		(34,733)	 635,826
EXPENDITURES:					
Health and welfare:					
Operations	624,307	600,803		23,504	553,918
Total expenditures	624,307	600,803		23,504	 553,918
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	 134,093	 122,864		(11,229)	 81,908
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out):					
General Fund	(187,306)	(187,306)		-	-
Debt Service Fund	(19,198)	(19,198)			 (19,453)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (206,504)	 (206,504)			(19,453)
Net change in fund balance	(72,411)	(83,640)		(11,229)	62,455
Fund balance - beginning	 113,094	 113,094			 50,639
Fund balance - ending	\$ 40,683	\$ 29,454	\$	(11,229)	\$ 113,094

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

June 30, 2006

ASSETS	General Obligation Debt Fund	Motor Vehicle Highway Fund	Downtown Development Authority Fund	Building Authority Debt Service Fund	Local Development Finance Authority 2 Debt Service Fund	Total
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Prepaid asset acquisition costs Total assets	\$ - 130,678 130,678	\$ 5,942 - - - 5,942	\$ 258,319 - - 258,319	\$ 10,430 - - - 10,430	\$ 1,639,749 80,226 - 1,719,975	\$ 1,914,440 80,226 130,678 2,125,344
LIABILITIES Checks issued against						
future deposits	99,691	-	-	-	-	99,691
Interest payable Total liabilities	22,962 122,653				8,011 8,011	30,973 130,664
rotal habilities	122,000		<u>-</u>		0,011	130,004
FUND BALANCES						
Reserved for debt service	8,025	5,942	258,319	10,430	1,711,964	1,994,680
Total fund balances	8,025	5,942	258,319	10,430	1,711,964	1,994,680
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 130,678	\$ 5,942	\$ 258,319	\$ 10,430	\$ 1,719,975	\$ 2,125,344

CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

					Local	
					Development	
	General	Motor	Downtown	Building	Finance	
	Obligation	Vehicle	Development	Authority	Authority 2004	
	Debt	Highway	Authority	Debt Service	Debt Service	
REVENUES:	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Taxes and special assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 279,457	\$ -	\$ 156,672	\$ 436,129
Interest on investments	-	117	10,653	-	21,195	31,965
Rental revenue				228,823		228,823
Total revenues		117	290,110	228,823	177,867	696,917
EXPENDITURES:						
Debt Service:						
Principal retirement	996,607	750,000	35,000	522,362	-	2,303,969
Interest and fiscal charges	732,998	641,653	269,438	626,226	197,100	2,467,415
Refund of tax revenues	10,282	-	-	-	-	10,282
Economic development					1,951,954	1,951,954
Total expenditures	1,739,887	1,391,653	304,438	1,148,588	2,149,054	6,733,620
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(1,739,887)	(1,391,536)	(14,328)	(919,765)	(1,971,187)	(6,036,703)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Issuance of debt obligations	-	-	-	-	3,120,000	3,120,000
Transfers in:						
Capital Improvement Fund	1,645,000	1,389,500	-	922,000	-	3,956,500
Special Assessment Fund	19,198					19,198
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,664,198	1,389,500		922,000	3,120,000	7,095,698
Net change in fund balance	(75,689)	(2,036)	(14,328)	2,235	1,148,813	1,058,995
Fund balances - beginning	83,714	7,978	272,647	8,195	563,151	935,685
Fund balances - ending	\$ 8,025	\$ 5,942	\$ 258,319	\$ 10,430	\$ 1,711,964	\$ 1,994,680

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CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

General Obligation Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

			2006		
	Amended Budget		Actual	Variance with Amended Budget +/(-)	 2005 Actual
REVENUES	•			•	
Taxes	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ 819
Interest on investments		2,000		(2,000)	 69
Total revenues		2,000		(2,000)	888
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service:					
Principal retirement	1,054	•	996,607	57,778	993,947
Interest and fiscal charges	727	7,243	732,998	(5,755)	491,648
Refund of tax revenues		<u> </u>	10,282	(10,282)	
Total expenditures	1,781	,628	1,739,887	41,741	 1,485,595
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(1,779	9,628)	(1,739,887)	39,741	 (1,484,707)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in:					
Leaf Pickup/Spring Cleanup Fund	19	,453	19,198	(255)	19,453
Capital Improvement Funds	1,753	3,000	1,645,000	(108,000)	1,545,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,772	2,453	1,664,198	(108,255)	1,564,453
Net change in fund balance	(7	7,175)	(75,689)	(68,514)	79,746
Fund balance - beginning	83	3,714	83,714		 3,968
Fund balance - ending	\$ 76	5,539 \$	8,025	\$ (68,514)	\$ 83,714

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CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

Motor Vehicle Highway Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

		2006		
	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget + / (-)	2005 Actual
REVENUES	Φ.	ф 44 7	Φ 447	Φ 440
Interest on investments	\$ -	\$ 117	\$ 117	\$ 140
Total revenues		117	117	140
EXPENDITURES Debt Service:				
Principal retirement	750,000	750,000	-	700,000
Interest and fiscal charges	642,100	641,653	447	673,597
Total expenditures	1,392,100	1,391,653	447	1,373,597
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(1,392,100)	(1,391,536)	564	(1,373,457)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in:				
Capital Improvement Fund Transfers out:	1,404,000	1,389,500	(14,500)	1,374,000
Capital Improvement Fund	-	-	-	(4,636)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,404,000	1,389,500	(14,500)	1,369,364
Net change in fund balance	11,900	(2,036)	(13,936)	(4,093)
Fund balance - beginning	7,978	7,978	<u> </u>	12,071
Fund balance - ending	\$ 19,878	\$ 5,942	\$ (13,936)	\$ 7,978

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CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

Downtown Development Authority Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

				2006			
	Amended Budget		Actual		Variance with Amended Budget + / (-)		2005 Actual
REVENUE: Taxes Interest on investments Total revenues	\$	277,000 500 277,500	\$	279,457 10,653 290,110	\$	2,457 10,153 12,610	\$ 241,047 903 241,950
EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:							
Principal Interest Total expenditures		35,000 269,260 304,260		35,000 269,438 304,438		(178) (178)	25,000 280,413 305,413
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(26,760)		(14,328)		12,432	(63,463)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in: Capital Improvement Fund Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>	 255,247 255,247
Net change in fund balance		(26,760)		(14,328)		12,432	191,784
Fund balance - beginning		272,647		272,647			80,863
Fund balance - ending	\$	245,887	\$	258,319	\$	12,432	\$ 272,647

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CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

Building Authority Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

				2006				
	Amended Budget		Actual		Variance with Amended Budget + / (-)			2005 Actual
REVENUES								
Interest on investments	\$	5,000	\$	-	\$	(5,000)	\$	-
Rental revenue		232,089		228,823		(3,266)		235,353
Total revenues		237,089		228,823		(8,266)		235,353
EXPENDITURES Debt Service:								
Principal		522,393		522,362		31		497,381
Interest		627,197		626,226		971		651,562
Total expenditures		1,149,590		1,148,588		1,002		1,148,943
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(912,501)		(919,765)		(7,264)		(913,590)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in:								
Capital Improvement Fund		922,000		922,000		-		850,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		922,000		922,000		-		850,000
Net change in fund balance		9,499		2,235		(7,264)		(63,590)
Fund balance - beginning		8,195		8,195		<u>-</u>		71,785
Fund balance - ending	\$	17,694	\$	10,430	\$	(7,264)	\$	8,195

CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

Local Development Finance Authority 2004 Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

				2006			
	Amended Budget		Actual		Variance with Amended Budget + / (-)		2005 Actual
REVENUES							
Taxes and special assessments	\$	160,800	\$	156,672	\$	(4,128)	\$ 51,484
Interest on investments		1,000		21,195		20,195	 13,639
Total revenues		161,800		177,867		16,067	 65,123
EXPENDITURES Debt Service:							
Principal		-		-		-	-
Interest		196,850		197,100		(250)	130,900
Economic development		52,419		1,951,954		(1,899,535)	2,535,253
Total expenditures		249,269		2,149,054		(1,899,785)	 2,666,153
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(87,469)		(1,971,187)		(1,883,718)	(2,601,030)
over experiancies		(07,403)		(1,571,107)		(1,000,110)	(2,001,000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Issuance of debt obligations				3,120,000		3,120,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		3,120,000		3,120,000	-
Net change in fund balance		(87,469)		1,148,813		1,236,282	(2,601,030)
Fund balance - beginning		563,151		563,151		<u>-</u>	 3,164,181
Fund balance - ending	\$	475,682	\$	1,711,964	\$	1,236,282	\$ 563,151

Cemetery Permanent Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

				2006			
	Amended Budget		Actual		Variance with Amended Budget + / (-)		2005 Actual
REVENUES Charges for services Interest on investments	\$	54,000 9,000	\$	33,625 26,104	\$	(20,375) 17,104	\$ 42,125 15,144
Total revenues		63,000		59,729		(3,271)	57,269
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers out:							
General Fund Total other financing sources (uses)		(9,000) (9,000)		(9,000) (9,000)		-	(8,500) (8,500)
Net change in fund balance		54,000		50,729		(3,271)	48,769
Fund balance - beginning		673,511		673,511			 624,742
Fund balance - ending	\$	727,511	\$	724,240	\$	(3,271)	\$ 673,511

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Community Development Block Grant Program Income Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

				2006				
	Amended Budget		Actual		Variance with Amended Budget + / (-)		2005 Actual	
REVENUES						, ,		
Loan principal	\$	60,000	\$	98,096	\$	38,096	\$	129,092
Loan interest		11,500		20,777		9,277		20,494
Interest on investments		3,500				(3,500)		
Total revenues		75,000		118,873		43,873		149,586
EXPENDITURES								
Housing rehabilitation loans		110,500		51,592		58,908		91,658
Other		19,500		67,282		(47,782)		57,926
Total expenditures		130,000		118,874		11,126		149,584
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(55,000)		(1)		54,999		2
Net change in fund balance		(55,000)		(1)		54,999		2
Fund balance - beginning	-	6,660		6,660				6,658
Fund balance - ending	\$	(48,340)	\$	6,659	\$	54,999	\$	6,660

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CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds June 30, 2006

ASSETS Current assets:	Equipment Fund	Insurance Fund	Total
Cash and investments	\$ 357,653	\$ 843,094	\$ 1,200,747
Inventory	φ 337,033 82,980	Ψ 0+0,00+	82,980
Prepaid costs	70,129	_	70,129
Total current assets	510,762	843,094	1,353,856
Capital assets:			
Land	22,489	-	22,489
Land improvements	123,769	-	123,769
Buildings	1,757,821	-	1,757,821
Machinery and equipment	972,566	-	972,566
Vehicles	3,715,009	-	3,715,009
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,679,806)	-	(4,679,806)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,911,848	-	1,911,848
Total assets	2,422,610	843,094	3,265,704
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	11,060	-	11,060
Accrued compensation	10,916	-	10,916
Workers' compensation	-	717,063	717,063
Accrued interest payable	18,998	-	18,998
Current portion of long-term debt	387,334		387,334
Total current liabilities	428,308	717,063	1,145,371
Long term liabilities:			
Notes payable (net of current portion)	80,080	-	80,080
Capital lease (net of current portion)	1,385,333	-	1,385,333
Accrued vacation and sick pay	33,737	-	33,737
Total long term liabilities	1,499,150	-	1,499,150
Total liabilities	1,927,458	717,063	2,644,521
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets (net of related debt)	59,101	-	59,101
Unrestricted	436,051	126,031	562,082
Total net assets	\$ 495,152	\$ 126,031	\$ 621,183

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

			Equipment Fund		Insurance Fund		Total
	Operating revenues:						
	Charges for services:						
	User charges	\$	1,872,357	\$	373,638	\$	2,245,995
	Other		25,757				25,757
	Total operating revenue		1,898,114		373,638		2,271,752
	Operating expenses:						
	Operations and maintenance:						
	Equipment		1,442,609		-		1,442,609
	Workers' compensation		-		373,638		373,638
	Depreciation		405,038				405,038
	Total operating expenses		1,847,647		373,638		2,221,285
90	Operating income		50,467				50,467
	Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
	Interest on investments		13,483		27,542		41,025
	Interest and fiscal charges		(72,880)		-		(72,880)
	Gain (loss) on sale of fixed assets	<u></u>	8,930				8,930
	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(50,467)		27,542		(22,925)
	Change in net assets		-		27,542		27,542
	Total net assets - beginning		495,152		98,489		593,641
	Total net assets - ending	\$	495,152	\$	126,031	\$	621,183

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Fund Fund	Total
<u> </u>	
Cash received from customers \$1,898,745 373,638	\$ 2,272,383
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (1,110,148) (225,205)	(1,335,353)
Cash payments to employees for services(368,563)	(368,563)
Cash provided by operating activities 420,034 148,433	568,467
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Proceeds from capital borrowings 136,537 -	136,537
Proceeds from sale of capital assets 17,305 -	17,305
Acquisition and construction of capital assets (179,692) -	(179,692)
Principal paid on capital lease (285,141) -	(285,141)
Principal paid on notes (16,016) -	(16,016)
Interest and fiscal charges paid on capital lease and notes(72,341)	(72,341)
Cash used in capital and related financing activities (399,348)	(399,348)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Interest on investments 13,483 27,542	41,025
Cash provided by investing activities 13,483 27,542	41,025
Net increase in cash and investments 34,169 175,975	210,144
Cash and investments - beginning of year 323,484 667,119	990,603
Cash and investments - end of year \$ 357,653 \$843,094	\$1,200,747
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	Φ 50.407
Operating income \$ 50,467 \$ -	\$ 50,467
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 405,038 -	405,038
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	405,036 631
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 531 - (Increase) decrease in inventory 2,290 -	2,290
(Increase) in prepaid costs (5,478) -	(5,478)
Decrease in accounts payable (37,411) -	(37,411)
Increase in workers' compensation	(37,411)
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensation 4,497 148,433	152,930
Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 420,034 \$148,433	\$ 568,467

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Pension Trust Funds

June 30, 2006

<u>ASSETS</u>	Pension Trust Fund			Retiree ealth Care Fund	Total Pension and Employee Benefit Trust Funds		
Cash and investments Cash and investments -	\$	-	\$	2,090	\$	2,090	
non-pooled		_		1,742,079		1,742,079	
Investments in fixed income securities		3,390,348		-		3,390,348	
Total assets		3,390,348		1,744,169		5,134,517	
LIABILITIES Deposits Total liabilities		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
NET ASSETS Restricted for pension benefits Restricted for retiree benefits Total net assets	\$	3,390,348	\$	1,744,169 1,744,169	\$	3,390,348 1,744,169 5,134,517	

CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Pension Trust Funds

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

riodal roal Env	Pension Trust Fund	H	Retiree ealth Care Fund	I	Total ension and Employee Benefit rust Funds
ADDITIONS					
Employer contributions	\$ 	\$	427,320	\$	427,320
Investment income					
Net decrease in the fair value of investments	(323,174)		-		(323,174)
Interest income	164,611		68,919		233,530
Net investment earnings	(158,563)		68,919		(89,644)
Total additions	(158,563)		496,239		337,676
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits to plan members	(207,018)		-		(207,018)
Administrative expenses	 (10,703)		<u>-</u>		(10,703)
Total deductions	 (217,721)				(217,721)
Change in net assets	(376,284)		496,239		119,955
Net assets - beginning	 3,766,632		1,247,930		5,014,562
Net assets - ending	\$ 3,390,348	\$	1,744,169	\$	5,134,517

Combining Statement of Net Assets Agency Funds

June 30, 2006

<u>ASSETS</u>	`	Current /ear Tax Collection	!	vestment Interest Illocation	Payroll Fund	 Trust and Agency	listoric Book	 Total Agency Funds
Cash and investments	\$	621,625	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 112,204	\$ 67,941	\$ 801,770
Accounts receivable		25,246		-	393,507	-	-	418,753
Accrued interest receivable				433,933	 	 	 	433,933
Total assets		646,871		433,933	393,507	112,204	67,941	1,654,456
LIABILITIES Checks issued against future deposits Payroll withholdings payable Accrued interest payable				- - 433,933	290,648 99,585	- - -	- - -	290,648 99,585 433,933
Due to other governments		646,871		-	-	-	-	646,871
Deposits		-		-	3,274	112,204	67,941	183,419
Total liabilities	\$	646,871	\$	433,933	\$ 393,507	\$ 112,204	\$ 67,941	\$ 1,654,456

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Statement of Changes in Agency Fund Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Current year Tax Collection Fund

•		Balance		-			ı	Balance
	Jun	e 30, 2005		Additions		Deductions	Jun	e 30, 2006
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and investments	\$	551,529	\$	81,151,629	\$	81,081,533	\$	621,625
Accounts receivable		215,739		1,591,836		1,782,329		25,246
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	767,268	\$	82,743,465	\$	82,863,862	\$	646,871
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	767,268	\$	161,196,462	\$	161,316,859	\$	646,871
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	767,268	\$	161,196,462	\$	161,316,859	\$	646,871
Inve	estment Inter	est Allocation	ո Fur	nd				
	I	Balance						Balance
	Jun	e 30, 2005		Additions		Deductions	Jun	e 30, 2006
<u>ASSETS</u>		·						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Accrued interest receivable	\$	299,764	\$	882,732	\$	748,563	\$	433,933
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u> \$	299,764	\$	882,732	\$	748,563	<u>\$</u> \$	433,933
LIABILITIES		_						_
Accounts payable	\$	299,764	\$	882,732	\$	748,563	\$	433,933
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	299,764	\$	882,732	\$	748,563	\$	433,933
	Payro	oll Fund						
	I	Balance					I	Balance
	Jun	e 30, 2005		Additions		Deductions	Jun	e 30, 2006
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	37,895,541	\$	37,895,541	\$	-
Accounts receivable		324,220	_	615,073	_	545,786		393,507
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	324,220	\$	38,510,614	\$	38,441,327	\$	393,507
LIABILITIES Chacks issued against future deposits	\$	324,064	\$		\$	33,416	\$	290,648
Checks issued against future deposits Accounts payable	φ	324,064 156	φ	- 17,483,897	φ	17,384,468	φ	290,646 99,585
Deposits		100		972,239		968,965		3,274
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	324,220	\$	18,456,136	\$	18,386,849	\$	393,507
TOTAL LIADILITIES	_Ψ	327,220	Ψ	10,400,100	Ψ	10,000,043	Ψ	333,307

CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

Statement of Changes in Agency Fund Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (concluded)

	irust and	Agency Fund	1					
		Balance						Balance
	Jui	ne 30, 2005		Additions		Deductions	Jur	ne 30, 2006
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	96,610	\$	187,190	\$	171,596	\$	112,204
Accounts receivable	Ψ	3,631	Ψ	175,062	Ψ	178,693	Ψ	,
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	100,241	\$	362,252	\$	350,289	\$	112,204
LIABILITIES	Ψ	100,241	Ψ	302,232	Ψ	330,209	Ψ	112,204
	¢	100 241	ф	102 502	Φ	171 F20	ф	110 004
Deposits	<u>\$</u> \$	100,241	\$	183,502	\$	171,539	\$	112,204
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	100,241	\$	183,502	\$	171,539	<u> </u>	112,204
	Historic	Book Fund						
		Balance						Balance
	lin	ne 30, 2005		Additions		Deductions		ne 30, 2006
ASSETS		10 00, 2000		Additions		Deddellons	<u> </u>	10 30, 2000
Cash and investments	¢	2,100	Ф	GE 0/11	Ф		æ	67,941
	<u>\$</u> \$		<u>\$</u> \$	65,841	<u>\$</u> \$		\$	
TOTAL ASSETS	<u> </u>	2,100	<u> </u>	65,841	<u> </u>		Ф	67,941
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Deposits	\$	2,100	\$	65,841	\$	-	\$	67,941
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$</u> \$	2,100	\$	65,841	\$	_	\$	67,941
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
		iduciary Fund	ds					
		Balance						Balance
	Jui	ne 30, 2005		Additions		Deductions	Jur	ne 30, 2006
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and investments	\$	650,239	\$	119,300,201	\$	119,148,670	\$	801,770
Accounts receivable		843,354		3,264,703		3,255,371		852,686
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,493,593	\$	122,564,904	\$	122,404,041	\$	1,654,456
LIABILITIES		<u> </u>		· · ·		· · · · · ·		· · ·
Checks issued against future deposits	\$	324,064	\$	-	\$	33,416	\$	290,648
Accounts payable	*	1,067,188	T	179,563,091	•	179,449,890	*	1,180,389
Deposits		102,341		1,221,582		1,140,504		183,419
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,493,593	\$	180,784,673	\$	180,623,810	\$	1,654,456
TOTAL LIABILITIES	Ψ	1,730,030	Ψ	100,704,073	Ψ	100,020,010	Ψ	1,004,400

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Comparative Schedules by Source (1) June 30, 2006

	 TOTAL
Governmental funds capital assets:	
Land	\$ 7,867,690
Land improvements	6,325,030
Buildings	11,609,425
Machinery and equipment	5,079,326
Vehicles	4,191,244
Infrastructure	 183,538,064
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 218,610,779
Investments in governmental funds capital assets by source:	
General fund	\$ 34,467,904
Cable television fund	314,355
Leaf Pickup / Spring Cleanup fund	290,456
Capital projects funds	 183,538,064
Total investment in governmental funds capital assets	\$ 218,610,779

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedules by Function and Activity (1) June 30, 2006 Machinery and

		Land		Machinery and			
Function and Activity	Land	Improvements	Buildings	Equipment	Vehicles	Infrastructure	TOTAL
General government:							
Legislative	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,404	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,404
Executive	-	-	-	381,362	-	-	381,362
Clerk	-	-	-	15,250	-	-	15,250
Finance/treasury	-	-	-	1,459,359	-	-	1,459,359
Assessor	-	-	-	8,546	-	-	8,546
Community Development	-	-	-	166,910	-	-	166,910
Other - unclassified	5,695,403	339,854	3,003,513	28,106	-	-	9,066,876
Total general government	5,695,403	339,854	3,003,513	2,064,937		-	11,103,707
Public safety:							
Police	19,000	38,236	3,086,508	1,354,633	874,874	-	5,373,251
Fire	365,036	77,056	2,971,182	483,953	3,148,992	-	7,046,219
Total public safety	384,036	115,292	6,057,690	1,838,586	4,023,866		12,419,470
Public works:	-			27,805			27,805
Highways and streets:							
Land	_	-	-	_	_	359,305	359,305
Right of way	_	-	-	_	_	4,132,608	4,132,608
Water & sewer system	-	-	-	-	-	978,383	978,383
Streets and alleys	_	-	-	_	-	163,761,906	163,761,906
Bikeways	-	-	-	-	-	404,758	404,758
Sidewalks	-	-	-	-	-	7,789,955	7,789,955
Bridges	-	-	-	-	-	1,188,922	1,188,922
Retaining walls	-	-	-	-	-	502,656	502,656
Traffic signals	-	-	-	-	-	4,419,571	4,419,571
Total highways and streets:	-	-	-	-	-	183,538,064	183,538,064
Recreation and cultural:							
Senior Citizen Center	44,000	38,200	457,452	25,825	_	-	565,477
Parks and recreation	1,627,503	5,789,854	2,090,770	843,318	_	-	10,351,445
Cable Television	-	-	, ,	278,855	35,500	-	314,355
Total recreation and cultural:	1,671,503	5,828,054	2,548,222	1,147,998	35,500	-	11,231,277
Health and welfare:				·			
Leaf Pickup / Spring Clean	116,748	41,830			131,878		290,456
Total governmental funds capital assets:	\$ 7,867,690	\$ 6,325,030	\$ 11,609,425	\$ 5,079,326	\$ 4,191,244	\$ 183,538,064	\$ 218,610,779
Japital accord.	* 1,001,000	+ 0,020,000	+ 11,000,120	+ 0,070,020	Ţ 1,101,21 1	\$ 100,000,00 1	\$ 2.0,010,770

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity (1) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Capital Assets			Capital Assets
Function and Activity	July 1, 2005	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2006
General government:				
Legislature	\$ 5,404	\$	- \$ -	\$ 5,404
Executive	381,362	Ψ	- ψ - -	381,362
Clerk	15,250			15,250
Finance/treasury	1,417,625	41,73	- 1 -	1,459,359
Assessor	8,546	41,73	-	8,546
Community Development	148,615	18,29	-	166,910
Other - unclassified				
	9,041,576	25,300		9,066,876
Total general government	11,018,378	85,329	<u> </u>	11,103,707
Public safety:				
Police	5,266,027	154,139	9 (46,915)	5,373,251
Fire	7,038,419	7,800	-	7,046,219
Total public safety	12,304,446	161,939	9 (46,915)	12,419,470
Public works	27,805		<u>-</u>	27,805
Infrastructure	177,869,709	5,668,35	-	183,538,064
Recreation and cultural:				
Senior citizen center	565,477			565,477
Parks and recreation	10,161,176	190,269	9	10,351,445
Total recreation and cultural	10,726,653	190,269	-	10,916,922
Cable television	314,355		<u> </u>	314,355
Leaf pickup / Spring cleanup	290,456		<u> </u>	290,456
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 212,551,802	\$ 6,105,892	2 \$ (46,915)	\$ 218,610,779

⁽¹⁾ This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Portage's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	103
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	108
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	112
Demographic and Economic Information	117
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the city's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the city's financial information relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	119

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The city implemented Statement 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Net Assets by Component Last Four Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year

	 2003	2004		 2005	2006	
Governmental activities						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 55,223	\$	30,168	\$ 24,041	\$	15,355
Restricted	7,351		9,243	7,839		8,249
Unrestricted	5,351		19,806	17,952		20,132
Total governmental activities net assets	67,925		59,217	49,832		43,736
Business-type activities						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	67,375		66,191	63,612		62,917
Restricted	700		700	200		200
Unrestricted	4,131		1,400	2,208		1,134
Total business-type activities net assets	72,206		68,291	 66,020		64,251
Primary Government						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	122,598		96,359	87,653		78,271
Restricted	8,051		9,943	8,039		8,449
Unrestricted	 9,482		21,206	20,161		21,266
Total primary governmental net assets	\$ 140,131	\$	127,509	\$ 115,852	\$	107,986

Changes in Net Assets
Last Four Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year

			riscai i eai							
	2	003		2004		2005		2006		
Expenses				_		_		_		
Governmental activities:										
Legislative	\$	50	\$	45	\$	48	\$	54		
Judicial		145		7		12		17		
General government		5,233		5,873		6,014		5,515		
Public safety		12,471		13,968		14,352		14,383		
Public works		361		363		357		420		
Health and welfare		1,878		1,469		1,714		1,560		
Economic development		-		-		2,535		1,952		
Recreation and cultural		3,227		3,159		3,125		3,240		
Public transportation		78		112		118		151		
Highways and streets		3,750		5,747		5,483		2,327		
Unallocated depreciation expense		6,901		7,007		7,023		7,107		
Interest on long-term debt		2,116		3,016		2,739		3,251		
Total governmental activities expenses		36,211		40,767		43,520		39,977		
Business-type activities:										
Sewer		4,238		5,143		5,472		5,723		
Water		3,229		6,742		4,969		4,931		
Total business-type activities expenses		7,467		11,885		10,441		10,654		
Total primary government expenses	\$	43,678	\$	52,653	\$	53,961	\$	50,631		
Program revenues										
Governmental activites:										
Charges for services		2,396		2,313		2,475		2,440		
Operating grants and contributions		•		•		•		•		
Highways & streets		3,406		3,706		3,623		3,578		
Other activities		1,457		944		1,369		1,248		
Capital grants and contributions		•				•		•		
Public works		1,024		1,138		978		1,053		
Health & welfare		1,003		1,282		1,182		1,242		
Other activities		0		48		150		60.68		
Total governmental activities program revenues		9,285		9,431		9,777		9,621		

Ö	-	_
	c	\neg
	i	-

Fiscal Year

Desiring services			2003		2004		2005		2006
Charges for services	Rusinoss-typo activitios:								
Sewer Water 4,106 4,148 4,422 4,879 Water Operating grants and contributions Operating grants and contributions operating grants and contributions operating grants and contributions operations. Total pushess-type activities program revenues operations. Total primary government net expense operations. Total primary government program to the p	* *								
Water Operating grants and contributions 3,391 3,302 3,540 3,869 Operating grants and contributions - - - - - 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3,869 9 3,847 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3,847 2 2 2 3,847 2 3,847 3,34,349 3,30,356 3,34,349 3,30,356 3,34,349 3,30,356 3,34,349 3,30,356 3,34,349 3,30,356 3,34,349 3,34,349 3,30,343 3			4 106		4 148		4 432		<i>4</i> 879
Operating grants and contributions 105 78 98 97 Capital grants and contributions 7.602 7.528 8.070 8.847 Total business-type activities program revenues 7.602 7.528 8.070 8.847 Total primary government program revenues 16,888 16,959 17,847 18,469 Net (expense)/revenue \$ (26,926) \$ (31,336) \$ (33,743) \$ (30,356) Governmental activities 135 (4,357) (2,371) (1,806) Total primary government net expense \$ (26,790) \$ (35,693) \$ (36,114) \$ (32,162) General Revenues & Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities Property taxes 15,305 16,583 17,928 17,936 Unrestricted grants & contributions 6,211 6,242 6,207 5,758 Unrestricted investment earnings 104 161 296 593 Gain on sale of capital assets 6 3 26 9 Transfers 8 2 <			•		,		,		,
Capital grants and contributions - - - - 2 Total business-type activities program revenues 7,602 7,528 8,070 8,847 Total primary government program revenues 16,888 16,959 17,847 18,469 Net (expense)/revenue - - - - - - - - - - 18,469 - 18,469 - <					·		·		
Total business-type activities program revenues 7,602 7,528 8,070 8,847 Total primary government program revenues 16,888 16,959 17,847 18,469 Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activites: \$ (26,926) \$ (31,336) \$ (33,743) \$ (30,356) Business-type activities 135 (4,357) (2,371) (1,806) Total primary government net expense \$ (26,790) \$ (35,693) \$ (36,114) \$ (32,162) General Revenues & Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activites: Property taxes 15,305 16,583 17,928 17,936 Unrestricted grants & contributions 6,211 6,242 6,207 5,758 Unrestricted investment earnings 104 161 296 593 Gain on sale of capital assets 6 3 26 9 Transfers 82 (442) (100) (37) Total governmental activities 1,474 - - - Unrestricted grants & contributions 1,474 </th <th>·</th> <th></th> <th>-</th> <th></th> <th>-</th> <th></th> <th>-</th> <th></th> <th></th>	·		-		-		-		
Cotal primary government program revenues 16,888 16,959 17,847 18,469 Net (expense)/revenue Covernmental activites: \$ (26,926) \$ (31,336) \$ (33,743) \$ (30,356) Business-type activities 135 (4,357) (2,371) (1,806) Total primary government net expense \$ (26,790) \$ (35,693) \$ (36,114) \$ (32,162) General Revenues & Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activites: \$ (26,790) \$ (35,693) \$ (36,114) \$ (32,162) Property taxes 15,305 16,583 17,928 17,936 Unrestricted grants & contributions 6,211 6,242 6,207 5,758 Unrestricted investment earnings 104 161 296 593 Gain on sale of capital assets 6 3 26 9 Transfers 82 (442) (100) (37) Total governmental activities 1,474 - - - Unrestricted grants & contributions 1,474 - - - <th>•</th> <th></th> <th>7.602</th> <th></th> <th>7.528</th> <th></th> <th>8.070</th> <th></th> <th></th>	•		7.602		7.528		8.070		
Governmental activities: \$ (26,926) \$ (31,336) \$ (33,743) \$ (30,356) Business-type activities 135 (4,357) (2,371) (1,806) Total primary government net expense \$ (26,790) \$ (35,693) \$ (36,114) \$ (32,162) General Revenues & Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activites: \$ (31,336) \$ (35,693) \$ (36,114) \$ (32,162) Property taxes \$ (33,693) \$ (36,114) \$ (32,162) Unrestricted grants & contributions \$ (211) \$ (25,217) \$ (2,271) \$ (32,162) Unrestricted investment earnings \$ (211) \$ (211) \$ (22,24) \$ (207) \$ (27,58) Gain on sale of capital assets \$ (211) \$ (217	, , ,								
Governmental activities: \$ (26,926) \$ (31,336) \$ (33,743) \$ (30,356) Business-type activities 135 (4,357) (2,371) (1,806) Total primary government net expense \$ (26,790) \$ (35,693) \$ (36,114) \$ (32,162) General Revenues & Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activites: \$ (31,336) \$ (35,693) \$ (36,114) \$ (32,162) Property taxes \$ (33,693) \$ (36,114) \$ (32,162) Unrestricted grants & contributions \$ (211) \$ (25,217) \$ (2,271) \$ (32,162) Unrestricted investment earnings \$ (211) \$ (211) \$ (22,24) \$ (207) \$ (27,58) Gain on sale of capital assets \$ (211) \$ (217	Not (ovnence)/revenue								
Susiness-type activities		¢	(26.026)	¢	(21 226)	Ф	(22 742)	¢	(20.256)
State Commentar Commenta		Φ	, ,	Φ	, ,	Ф	, ,	Ф	, ,
General Revenues & Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activites: 15,305 16,583 17,928 17,936 Property taxes 15,305 16,583 17,928 17,936 Unrestricted grants & contributions 6,211 6,242 6,207 5,758 Unrestricted investment earnings 104 161 296 593 Gain on sale of capital assets 6 3 26 9 Transfers 82 (442) (100) (37) Total governmental activities 21,709 22,547 24,358 24,259 Business-type activities: Unrestricted grants & contributions 1,474 - - - - Total business-type activities (82) 442 100 37 Total primary government \$ 23,101 \$ 22,989 \$ 24,458 \$ 24,296 Change in Net Assets Governmental activities (5,217) (8,789) (9,385) (6,097) Business-type activities 1,528 (3,915) (2,271)	• •	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Governmental activities: Froperty taxes 15,305 16,583 17,928 17,936 Unrestricted grants & contributions 6,211 6,242 6,207 5,758 Unrestricted investment earnings 104 161 296 593 Gain on sale of capital assets 6 3 26 9 Transfers 82 (442) (100) (37) Total governmental activities 21,709 22,547 24,358 24,259 Business-type activities: 1,474 - - - - - Transfers (82) 442 100 37 Total business-type activities 1,392 442 100 37 Total primary government \$23,101 \$22,989 \$24,458 \$24,296 Change in Net Assets Governmental activites (5,217) (8,789) (9,385) (6,097) Business-type activities 1,528 (3,915) (2,271) (1,769)	Total pliniary government het expense	Ψ	(20,790)	Ψ	(55,095)	Ψ	(30,114)	Ψ	(32,102)
Unrestricted grants & contributions 6,211 6,242 6,207 5,758 Unrestricted investment earnings 104 161 296 593 Gain on sale of capital assets 6 3 26 9 Transfers 82 (442) (100) (37) Total governmental activities 21,709 22,547 24,358 24,259 Business-type activities: Unrestricted grants & contributions 1,474 - - - - Transfers (82) 442 100 37 Total business-type activities 1,392 442 100 37 Total primary government \$ 23,101 \$ 22,989 \$ 24,458 \$ 24,296 Change in Net Assets Governmental activites (5,217) (8,789) (9,385) (6,097) Business-type activities 1,528 (3,915) (2,271) (1,769)	Governmental activites:								
Unrestricted investment earnings 104 161 296 593 Gain on sale of capital assets 6 3 26 9 Transfers 82 (442) (100) (37) Total governmental activities 21,709 22,547 24,358 24,259 Business-type activities: Unrestricted grants & contributions 1,474 - - - - Transfers (82) 442 100 37 Total business-type activities 1,392 442 100 37 Total primary government \$ 23,101 \$ 22,989 \$ 24,458 \$ 24,296 Change in Net Assets Governmental activites (5,217) (8,789) (9,385) (6,097) Business-type activities 1,528 (3,915) (2,271) (1,769)			•		,		,		•
Gain on sale of capital assets 6 3 26 9 Transfers 82 (442) (100) (37) Total governmental activities 21,709 22,547 24,358 24,259 Business-type activities: 1,474 - - - - Unrestricted grants & contributions 1,474 - <					,		·		
Transfers 82 (442) (100) (37) Total governmental activities 21,709 22,547 24,358 24,259 Business-type activities: Unrestricted grants & contributions 1,474 - - - - Transfers (82) 442 100 37 Total business-type activities 1,392 442 100 37 Total primary government \$ 23,101 \$ 22,989 \$ 24,458 \$ 24,296 Change in Net Assets Governmental activites (5,217) (8,789) (9,385) (6,097) Business-type activities 1,528 (3,915) (2,271) (1,769)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Total governmental activities 21,709 22,547 24,358 24,259 Business-type activities: Unrestricted grants & contributions 1,474 -	•								
Business-type activities: Unrestricted grants & contributions 1,474 - - - Transfers (82) 442 100 37 Total business-type activities 1,392 442 100 37 Total primary government \$ 23,101 \$ 22,989 \$ 24,458 \$ 24,296 Change in Net Assets Governmental activites (5,217) (8,789) (9,385) (6,097) Business-type activities 1,528 (3,915) (2,271) (1,769)									
Unrestricted grants & contributions 1,474 - - - Transfers (82) 442 100 37 Total business-type activities 1,392 442 100 37 Total primary government \$ 23,101 \$ 22,989 \$ 24,458 \$ 24,296 Change in Net Assets Governmental activites (5,217) (8,789) (9,385) (6,097) Business-type activities 1,528 (3,915) (2,271) (1,769)	-		21,709		22,547		24,358		24,259
Transfers (82) 442 100 37 Total business-type activities 1,392 442 100 37 Total primary government \$ 23,101 \$ 22,989 \$ 24,458 \$ 24,296 Change in Net Assets Governmental activities (5,217) (8,789) (9,385) (6,097) Business-type activities 1,528 (3,915) (2,271) (1,769)	• •		1 171		_		_		_
Total business-type activities 1,392 442 100 37 Total primary government \$ 23,101 \$ 22,989 \$ 24,458 \$ 24,296 Change in Net Assets Governmental activities (5,217) (8,789) (9,385) (6,097) Business-type activities 1,528 (3,915) (2,271) (1,769)	<u> </u>		•		1/12		100		- 37
Total primary government \$ 23,101 \$ 22,989 \$ 24,458 \$ 24,296 Change in Net Assets Governmental activities (5,217) (8,789) (9,385) (6,097) Business-type activities 1,528 (3,915) (2,271) (1,769)									
Change in Net Assets Governmental activites (5,217) (8,789) (9,385) (6,097) Business-type activities 1,528 (3,915) (2,271) (1,769)	• •	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Governmental activites (5,217) (8,789) (9,385) (6,097) Business-type activities 1,528 (3,915) (2,271) (1,769)	,, 0		-,	-	-,3		,	-	,
Business-type activities	Change in Net Assets								
Business-type activities 1,528 (3,915) (2,271) (1,769)			(5,217)		(8,789)		(9,385)		(6,097)
Total primary government \$ (3,689) \$ (12,704) \$ (11,656) \$ (7,866)	Business-type activities				(3,915)				(1,769)
	Total primary government	\$	(3,689)	\$	(12,704)	\$	(11,656)	\$	(7,866)

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Four Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

(expressed in thousands)

Fiscal	Year

	i iouai i uai				•			
	 2003		2004		2005		2006	
General fund								
Reserved	\$ 749	\$	1,324	\$	1,109	\$	1,077	
Unreserved	2,568		2,405		2,967		3,337	
Total general fund	 3,317		3,729		4,076		4,414	
All other governmental funds								
Reserved	2,418		4,313		2,818		5,142	
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special assessments fund	3,391		3,124		2,801		4,440	
Local Development Finance Authority	-		3,164		-		-	
Streets funds	154		645		626		539	
Nonmajor governmental funds	 279		294		455		401	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 6,242	\$	11,539	\$	6,700	\$	10,523	

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Four Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (expressed in thousands)

SC		

	2003	2004	2005		2006
Revenues					
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 17,127	\$ 18,152	\$	19,737	\$ 21,612
Licenses and permits	1,177	1,185		1,271	1,189
Intergovernmental	8,783	8,393		8,274	8,296
Charges for services	2,528	2,872		2,854	2,492
Fines and forfeits	116	-		4	-
Interest and rents	760	879		955	1,522
Other	409	315		998	458
Total revenues	30,900	31,796		34,094	35,569
Expenditures					
Legislative	50	45		48	54
Judicial	145	7		12	17
General government	4,724	5,047		5,264	5,220
Public safety	11,529	12,538		13,278	13,460
Public works	332	335		339	357
Health and welfare	1,862	1,437		1,694	1,545
Recreation and cultural	2,815	2,736		2,699	2,841
Public transportation	78	107		113	149
Highways and streets	3,694	3,310		3,755	3,021
Refund of tax revenues	-	-		-	10
Development		-		2,535	1,952
Capital outlay	9,265	8,460		10,488	5,511
Debt service:					
Principal	2,207	2,943		3,366	3,223
Interest and fiscal charges	1,981	2,224		2,591	2,803
Total expenditures	38,683	39,189		46,183	40,165
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(7,782)	(7,393)		(12,089)	(4,596)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Issuance of debt	8,443	13,242		8,063	8,794
Transfers in	4,448	6,012		5,245	5,731
Transfers out	(4,366)	(6,753)		(5,712)	(5,768)
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,525	12,501		7,596	8,757
Net change in fund balances	\$ 742	\$ 5,109	\$	(4,493)	\$ 4,161
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12.1%	15.2%		14.8%	17.7%

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CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

(unaudited)

Assessed Value and Estimated Market Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Real P	roperty	Personal Pro	perty	Less: Tax	Total Taxable	Total Direct	Estimated	Assessed Value as a
Ended	Residential	Commercial	Manufacturing		Exempt Rea		Tax	Market	Percentage of
June 30,	Property	Property	Equipment	Other	Property (2	Value	Rate	Value	Market Value
1997	631,749	322,732	224,518	28	46,26	0 1,132,767	11.000	2,265,533	50.0%
1998	692,466	333,163	265,137	25	49,70	9 1,241,082	11.334	2,482,165	50.0%
1999	745,563	345,363	279,607	25	52,87	3 1,317,685	10.177	2,635,370	50.0%
2000	794,304	386,753	293,155	19	57,24	2 1,416,990	10.100	2,833,979	50.0%
2001	837,766	422,894	261,452	17	61,10	0 1,461,028	10.000	2,922,057	50.0%
2002	877,796	470,277	318,262	20	65,33	6 1,601,019	10.000	3,202,039	50.0%
2003	939,312	552,558	311,534	23	72,30	6 1,731,122	10.302	3,462,244	50.0%
2004	1,010,201	548,090	319,845	-	75,52	5 1,802,611	10.144	3,605,222	50.0%
2005	1,083,196	573,222	330,008	-	80,28	1 1,906,146	10.144	3,812,292	50.0%
2006	1,147,909	597,627	330,667	-	\$ 84,60	0 \$ 1,991,603	10.144	\$3,983,205	50.0%

⁽¹⁾ According to State Statute, all property is to be assessed at 50 percent of market value (State Equalized Value).

SOURCE: City Assessor's Office, L-4022 Report

⁽²⁾ Tax exempt real property estimated prior to 2006.

(unaudited)

Property Tax Rates

Direct and Overlapping¹ Governments (Per \$1,000 of Taxable Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year City of Portage										
Ended	General		Capital	Debt	Curbside	Fall Leaf/	Total City				
June 30,	Fund	Library	Improvements	Service	Recycling	Spring Clean (1)	Millage				
1997	7.0000	1.3800	2.0000	0.2290	0.3910	-	11.0000				
1998	7.2100	1.1570	2.0000	0.2130	0.4200	0.3340	11.3340				
1999	7.1559	-	2.0000	0.2011	0.4200	0.4000	10.1770				
2000	7.1469	-	2.0000	0.1931	0.3600	0.4000	10.1000				
2001	7.0849	-	2.0000	0.1931	0.4350	0.2870	10.0000				
2002	7.1480	-	2.0000	0.1920	0.3730	0.2870	10.0000				
2003	7.4672	-	2.0000	0.1575	0.2900	0.3870	10.3017				
2004	7.3592	-	2.0000	-	0.3850	0.4000	10.1442				
2005	7.4712	-	2.0000	-	0.3200	0.3530	10.1442				
2006	7.4372	-	2.0000	-	0.3070	0.4000	10.1442				

			Ove	rlapping Rates			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	State Education Tax	Portage Public Schools ⁽²⁾	Public District		Kalamazoo Regional Educational Service Agency	Kalamazoo Valley Community College	Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
1997	6.0000	2.6762	-	6.1405	3.0500	2.8231	31.6898
1998	6.0000	2.6762	-	5.8405	3.0500	2.8231	31.7238
1999	6.0000	2.6762	1.4200	6.1400	3.0500	2.8231	32.2863
2000	6.0000	2.6762	1.3800	6.1400	3.0418	2.8152	32.1532
2001	6.0000	3.7000	1.4900	6.1400	3.0416	2.8151	33.1867
2002	6.0000	3.7000	1.4900	6.1400	3.0416	2.8151	33.1867
2003	6.0000	3.7000	1.4900	6.1362	3.0416	2.8139	33.4834
2004	5.0000	3.7000	1.4900	6.1362	3.0416	2.8139	32.3259
2005	6.0000	3.7000	1.4900	6.1362	3.0416	2.8135	33.3255
2006	6.0000	3.7000	1.4900	6.1362	3.0416	2.8135	33.3255

Notes:

SOURCE: Treasury Office

¹ Overlapping rates are those of local and county government that apply to property owners within the City of Portage. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City of Portage property owners (e.g., the rates for special districts apply only to the proportion of the government's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district.)

⁽²⁾ Non homestead properties add 18 mills

(unaudited)

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago June 30, 2006

		2006		1997				
Name	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		
Pfizer , Inc. (fka Pharmacia & Upjohn, Inc)	\$ 305,288,102	1	16.67 %	\$ 295,181,200	1	24.34 %		
Stryker Corporation	21,379,798	2	1.17	13,890,400	5	1.15		
Crossroads Mall / Portfolio One, LLC	19,988,802	3	1.09	25,823,600	2	2.13		
Consumers Power Co.	16,943,440	4	0.92	16,107,600	4	1.33		
Edward Rose Associates	11,761,964	5	0.64	8,492,500	6	0.70		
Mann+Hummel	10,689,155	6	0.58	-		-		
Meijer, Inc.	8,467,573	7	0.46	5,553,200	10	0.46		
State Farm Mutual Auto Insurance Co.	7,329,600	8	0.40	-		-		
Bowers Manufacturing	7,179,467	9	0.39	-		-		
Southland Mall Ltd	7,036,952	10	0.38	21,809,400	3	1.80		
Summit Polymers / Mueller Plastics	-		-	7,487,600	7	0.62		
Moors Investments/Woodbridge Development	-		-	6,951,600	8	0.57		
Target/Portage Crossings				6,879,800	9	0.57		
Totals	\$ 416,064,853		22.71 %	\$ 408,176,900		33.67 %		

SOURCE: City Assessor's Office

(unaudited)

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended		otal Tax evy for		Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy					Total Collections to Date			
June 30,	June 30, Fiscal Year		Collected by due date		Percentage of Levy	Collections in subsequent years		Amount		Percentage of Levy		
1997	\$	12,944	\$	12,725	98.3%	\$	8	\$	12,733	98.4%		
1998		14,182		13,989	98.6%		11		14,000	98.7%		
1999		13,643		13,425	98.4%		9		13,434	98.5%		
2000		14,198		13,941	98.2%		10		13,951	98.3%		
2001		14,300		13,992	97.8%		10		14,002	97.9%		
2002		15,575		14,833	95.2%		19		14,851	95.4%		
2003		15,849		15,542	98.1%		23		15,565	98.2%		
2004		16,661		16,372	98.3%		25		16,397	98.4%		
2005		17,714		17,530	99.0%		16		17,546	99.1%		
2006		18,589		18,334	98.6%		238		18,572	99.9%		

Notes:

The city hold only delinquent personal property taxes: any real estate taxes not collected by the date due are turned over to Kalamazoo County as of March 1st each year, and the city receives full settlement.

SOURCE: Treasury Office

(unaudited)

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

(expressed in thousands, except per capita)

Fiscal Year

					Fisca	ı Year				
June 30,	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Governmental Activities										
General Obligation bonds	\$ 3,540	\$ 2,802	\$ 2,556	\$ 3,511	\$ 2,652	\$ 2,254	\$ 2,920	\$ 2,666	\$ 2,913	\$ 2,543
Special Assessment bonds	6,695	6,050	5,855	6,585	6,789	6,529	8,394	8,314	8,054	7,415
Motor Vehicle Highway bonds	8,100	12,280	11,495	13,220	12,675	15,390	14,900	14,230	13,530	12,780
Capital Improvement bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,480	10,985	17,643	22,418
Redevelopment bonds	6,720	6,375	7,280	11,205	12,500	18,965	18,480	24,000	23,065	25,455
Other debt	818	487	463	210	148	98	48			
Total governmental activities	25,873	27,994	27,649	34,730	34,764	43,236	50,222	60,195	65,205	70,611
Business-Type Activities										
Utility Revenue bonds	8,140	9,345	8,965	8,585	11,505	14,325	17,770	19,525	16,155	15,600
Capital Improvement bonds	, -	· -	-	-	· -	· -	-	-	8,732	9,932
General Obligation bonds	3,604	3,825	3,813	3,475	4,379	4,290	5,055	5,299	4,202	3,742
Capital Lease	1,750	1,500	1,250	1,000	750	500	250			
Total business-type activities	\$13,494	\$14,670	\$14,028	\$13,060	\$16,634	\$19,115	\$23,075	\$24,824	\$29,089	\$29,274
Percentage of personal income ⁽¹⁾	0.059%	0.062%	0.057%	0.051%	0.063%	0.071%	0.084%	0.086%	0.098%	0.096%
Per capita	301.83	327.66	312.89	290.90	372.06	425.33	505.17	545.86	642.48	645.46

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

SOURCE: City Annual Financial Statements

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 222 for personal income and population data.

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CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

(unaudited)

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

(expressed in thousands, except per capita)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Gross Bonded Debt	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value ⁽¹⁾ of Property	Per Capita
1997	\$ 31,604	\$ 436	\$ 31,168	1.38%	\$697
1998	36,127	29	36,098	1.45%	\$806
1999	35,349	172	35,177	1.33%	\$785
2000	40,996	197	40,799	1.44%	\$909
2001	51,250	160	51,090	1.75%	\$1,143
2002	62,253	77	62,176	1.94%	\$1,383
2003	73,249	162	73,087	2.11%	\$1,600
2004	85,294	180	85,114	2.36%	\$1,872
2005	95,349	936	94,413	2.48%	\$2,085
2006	100,940	1,995	98,945	2.48%	\$2,182

SOURCE: City Annual Financial Statements

(unaudited)

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt June 30, 2006

Name of Governmental Unit	Bonds Oustanding	Percent Applicable to City	City's Share of Debt
City of Portage: General Obligation Bonds Building Authority Bonds Downtown Development Authority Bonds Local Development Finance Authority Bonds Special Assessment Bonds Motor Vehicle Highway Fund Bonds Capital Improvement Bonds Revenue Bonds Bond Anticipation Notes Total	\$ 6,285,000 13,380,000 5,805,000 6,270,000 7,415,000 12,780,000 32,350,000 15,600,000 1,055,000	100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%	\$ 6,285,000 13,380,000 5,805,000 6,270,000 7,415,000 12,780,000 32,350,000 15,600,000 1,055,000
Portage Public Schools ⁽¹⁾ Vicksburg Public Schools ⁽¹⁾ Comstock Public Schools ⁽¹⁾ Schoolcraft Public Schools ⁽¹⁾ Kalamazoo County ⁽¹⁾ Total	32,963,000 22,725,000 8,441,000 19,158,249 9,300,000	88.05% 6.59% 2.66% 2.22% 25.72%	\$ 29,023,922 1,497,578 224,531 425,313 2,391,960 33,563,304
Total of City's share of debt			\$ 134,503,304

Note:

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Portage. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

SOURCE: Municipal Financial Consultants Incorporated

⁽¹⁾ Overlapping jurisdictions outstanding and overlapping debt as of October 31, 2006

(unaudited)

Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands) For Special Assessment Bonds

State Equalized Assessed Value - June 30, 2006	\$2,150,123
Debt limit - twelve percent of Adjusted State Equalized Assessed Value	258,015
Special Assessment Bonds	7,415
Legal debt margin	\$ 250,600
	

				Fisc	cal Year					
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Debt limit	\$154,895	\$164,400	\$176,697	\$186,839	\$199,963	\$216,411	\$225,376	\$238,371	\$249,144	\$ 258,015
Debt applicable to limit	6,695	6,530	6,485	7,705	7,269	6,529	9,644	8,314	8,054	7,415
Legal debt margin	\$148,200	\$157,870	\$170,212	\$179,134	\$192,694	\$209,882	\$215,732	\$230,057	\$241,090	\$ 250,600

Computation of Legal Debt Margin For General Obligation Bonds

State Equalized Assessed Value - June 30, 2006	\$2,150,123
Debt limit - ten percent of Adjusted State Equalized Assessed Value	215,012
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit:	
General Obligation Debt	62,415
Legal debt margin	\$ 152,597

		Fiscal Year											
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005		2006		
Debt limit	\$129,079	\$137,000	\$147,248	\$155,699	\$166,636	\$180,343	\$187,814	\$198,643	\$207,620	\$	215,012		
Debt applicable to limit	18,652	17,507	17,909	24,151	23,979	33,509	32,588	37,984	53,365		62,415		
Legal debt margin	\$110,427	\$119,493	\$129,339	\$131,548	\$142,656	\$146,834	\$ 155,225	\$160,658	\$154,256	\$	152,597		

SOURCE: Assessor (SEV)

City Annual Financial Statements (debt balances)

Note: Under state finance law (Section 4a, Act 279 or 1909 and Act 202, P.A. 1943 as amended by Act 42 P.A. 1960), the city's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of adjusted State Equalized Value.

(unaudited)

Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (expressed in thousands)

						Utility Revenue Bonds								Special Assessment Bonds					
Fiscal Year		Utiltity		Less:		Net						5	Special						
Ended	S	Service	Op	perating Availa		Available		Debt Service Requirements				Ass	Assessment		Debt Service Requiremen				
June 30,	Charges		Expenses		Revenue		Principal		Interest		Coverage	Collections		Principal		Interest		Coverage	
1997	\$	6,044	\$	4,660	\$	1,384	\$	330	\$	462	1.75	\$	1,112	\$	998	\$	396	0.80	
1998		6,189		4,245		1,944		330		491	2.37		1,098		988		367	0.81	
1999		6,806		4,277		2,529		380		501	2.87		938		880		340	0.77	
2000		6,516		4,857		1,659		380		483	1.92		215		640		339	0.22	
2001		7,005		5,033		1,973		410		623	1.91		481		756		362	0.43	
2002		7,693		4,389		3,304		560		705	2.61		2,005		780		351	1.77	
2003		7,498		5,295		2,202		555		701	1.75		1,075		841		309	0.93	
2004		7,450		7,637		(187)		705		803	(0.12)		1,069		955		375	0.80	
2005		7,972		7,158		814		555		650	0.68		941		910		354	0.74	
2006		8,720		7,260		1,460		555		650	1.21		2,893		919		336	2.31	

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

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(unaudited)

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Population (1)	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Household Income ⁽²⁾	Median Age	Education Level in Years of Schooling	School Enrollment ⁽³⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽⁴⁾
1997	44,708	1,015,675	\$ 22,718	46,484	35.8	14.0	8,904	2.9%
1998	44,771	1,056,746	23,603	47,925	35.8	14.0	8,800	2.0%
1999	44,834	1,098,830	24,509	49,410	35.8	14.0	8,900	2.3%
2000	44,897	1,141,012	25,414	49,410	35.8	14.0	8,650	1.8%
2001	44,707	1,178,858	26,369	49,410	35.8	14.0	8,600	3.9%
2002	44,943	1,210,664	26,938	49,410	35.8	14.0	8,600	2.9%
2003	45,679	1,254,894	27,472	49,410	35.8	14.0	8,900	3.9%
2004	45,478	1,309,013	28,783	49,410	35.8	14.0	8,838	3.7%
2005	45,277	1,341,433	29,627	59,342	35.8	14.0	8,962	4.2%
2006	45,354	1,381,973	30,471	58,998	35.8	14.0	8,816	4.2%

Notes:

- $^{\left(1\right)}$ 2000 figure from 2000 US Census, other annual changes estimated
- 1997 thru 1999 figures based on 1990 census, increases estimated.
 2000 figure based on 2000 census
 2001 thru 2006 estimated using US Census Bureau, City-Data.com
- (3) Portage Public Schools website
- (4) Michigan Employment Security Commission

Source: Finance Director

(unaudited)

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago June 30, 2006

		2006		1997				
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment		
Pfizer , Inc. (fka Pharmacia & Upjohn, Inc)	4,000	1	14.96 %	4,200	1	17.16 %		
Meijer, Inc.	1,361	2	5.09	675	6	2.76		
Portage Public Schools	1,121	3	4.19	1,193	4	4.87		
Stryker Corporation	1,100	4	4.11	900	5	3.68		
State Farm Mutual Auto Insurance Co.	600	5	2.24					
Summit Polymers / Mueller Plastics	550	6	2.06	1,200	3	4.90		
Target/Portage Crossings	521	7	1.95					
Advantage Private Nursing	490	8	1.83					
J C Penney Co., Inc	300	9	1.12	350	7	1.43		
Bowers Manufacturing	290	10	1.08	320	8	1.31		
Wise Personnel Service, Inc.				2,516	2	10.28		
Hudson Department Stores				300	9	1.23		
Harding's Galesburg Market				248	10	1.01		
Totals	10,333		38.65 %	11,902		48.63 %		

SOURCE: Municipal Financial Consultants Incorporated

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year						
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
General government										
Assessor	n/a	n/a	n/a	6	6	6	5	6	6	6
Clerk	n/a	n/a	n/a	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
City Administration	n/a	n/a	n/a	7	8	8	8	9	9	8
Finance	n/a	n/a	n/a	10	11	11	10	10	10	10
Human Resources	n/a	n/a	n/a	7	7	7	9	8	8	8
Management Information Svcs.	n/a	n/a	n/a	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Purchasing	n/a	n/a	n/a	3	3	3	2	2	2	3
Police Protection										
Administrative	n/a	n/a	n/a	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Operations	n/a	n/a	n/a	72	75	75	72	74	75	75
Fire Protection										
Administrative	n/a	n/a	n/a	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Operations	n/a	n/a	n/a	30	31	31	31	31	31	31
Streets and Equipment	n/a	n/a	n/a	26	26	26	26	25	24	25
Community Development	n/a	n/a	n/a	18	19	18	18	18	18	18
Community Dovolopment	11/4	11/4	TI, C	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Transportation and Utilities	n/a	n/a	n/a	8	9	10	9	9	9	9
Parks and recreation	n/a	n/a	n/a	16	16	16	15	15	17	17
Senior Center	n/a	n/a	n/a	4	4	4	4	4	5	6
Total	n/a	n/a	n/a	223	226	226	220	222	225	227

SOURCE: City Annual Budget

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Function										
Police										
	2 204	2 504	3,535	2 571	2.766	2 676	2.754	3,240	2 256	2 246
Arrests	3,204	3,504	•	3,571	2,766	2,676	2,754	•	3,356	3,346
Traffic citations	5,639	6,342	6,353	7,120	6,605	5,748	5,542	5,208	4,533	3,616
Calls for service (Police & Fire)	21,030	20,717	21,102	22,571	24,102	20,206	24,358	24,718	23,913	24,000
Fire										
Number of calls answered										
Fire	526	526	530	520	136	148	122	118	117	134
Emergency medical	3,589	3,589	2,633	3,700	1,977	1,966	1,836	2,019	1,620	1,761
Inspections	1,294	1,284	1,350	1,300	1,823	1,804	1,896	2,143	3,000	2,971
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage of intensive maintenance	186	186	190	190	191	196	197	200	203	207
Acreage of boulevard mowing	50	50	98	100	116	122	125	129	129	129
Highways and streets										
Miles of major streets	n/a	n/a	59	60	70	70	71	71	71	71
Miles of streets resurfaced	n/a	n/a	n/a	12	46	6	3	1	2	33
Miles of right-of-way mowed	n/a	n/a	n/a	10	10	10	41	50	59	52
Miles of streets swept	n/a	3,179	3,870	4,542	2,662	3,477	3,017	4,688	4,947	5,265
Water utility										
Water pumped & treated										
(millions of gallons)	1,486	1,787	1,787	1,787	1,886	1,540	2,043	1,968	2,000	2,170
Water main breaks	n/a	28	19	34	25	24	35	28	23	33
Sewer utility										
Sewage transported										
(millions of gallons)	n/a	1,576	1,591	1,649	1,595	1,606	1,759	1,778	1,818	1,825
Miles of sewers cleaned	n/a	77	99	91	89	105	96	133	96	74
Lift station inspections	n/a	4,275	3,332	4,601	2,988	3,848	4,004	3,894	3,818	3,162

SOURCE: Department of Transportation & Utilities, Police Department, Fire Department, Department of Parks & Recreation

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Number of customers

n/a 12,606

CITY OF PORTAGE, MICHIGAN

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Function										
Public safety										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	32	32
Fire:										
Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Vehicles	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	17	14	14
Health and welfare										
Number of parks	12	12	13	13	14	14	14	14	15	15
Acres of parks	706	706	712	712	712	712	721	724	724	724
Senior citizen centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Highways and streets										
Miles of Streets	n/a	188	193	200	203	205	206	211	215	217
Water utility										
Water mains (miles)	n/a	193	198	205	209	217	220	226	233	237
Number of fire hydrants	n/a	1,900	1,900	1,900	1,900	2,150	2,242	2,327	2,436	2,460
Number of customers	n/a	11,246	11,415	11,655	11,888	12,194	12,533	12,757	13,025	13,133
Sewer utility										
Sewer lines (miles)	n/a	194	199	202	205	209	213	218	221	224
Lift stations	n/a	54	54	54	54	54	55	55	56	55

12,716 12,960

13,492 13,638

13,970

14,161

14,450

14,662